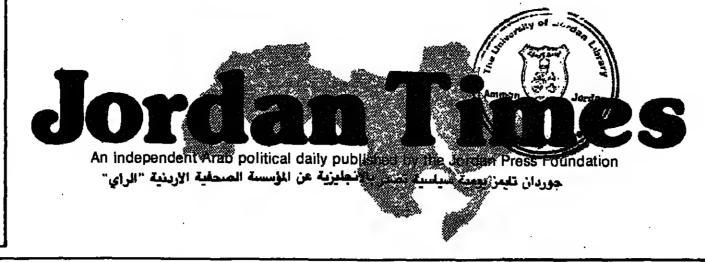
#### Iraq pledges support for Lebanon

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq has assured Lebanese President Amin Gemayel that it supports a free and united Lebanon and criticised what it called interference by some Arab states, the official Iraqi News Agency INA said Saturday. President Saddam Hussein told Mr. Gemayel by telephone on Thursday: "Our country stands against the narrow view of some Arab regimes which interfere in Lebanon's internal affairs at the expense of its unity, security and independence," INA said. This was seen as a criticism of Syria, Iraq's ideological foe, which has an estimated 40,000 troops stationed in north and east Lebanon and supports anti-Lebanese government forces involved in the fighting there. Mr. Hussem said the Lebanese government must not be drawn away from its prime responsibility of confronting Israel and forcing all foreign troops to withdraw from Lebanon.



#### British forces to stay in Beirut

LONDON (R) - Britain Saturday ruled out any immediate withdrawal of its troops from the Multinational Force in Beirut. The government also made clear there was no likelihood of increasing the size of the 98-man British contingent if hostilities in Lebanon grew. The opposition Labour Party's deputy leader. Denis Healey, had questioned whether Britain should risk troops in what he called a doubtful enterprise. Mr. Healey said the United States, providing the bulk of the Multinational Force, was no longer acting in a neutral role and had escalated the conflict by using its warships to hombard anti-government positions in the Shouf mountains. Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe, replying in a letter to Mr. Healey, said immediate withdrawal would be "highly irresponsible." "We intend to maintain our contribution to the Multinational Force, which you fully supported at the time. as long as it has a useful role to play." he added.

Volume 8 Number 2370

AMMAN, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 25, 1983 — DHUL HIJJAH 18, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria I pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### Crown Prince cables good wishes to Saudi Arabia

AMMAN (Petra) -- His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, sent a cable of good wishes to King Fahd Ibn Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia on the occasion of Saudi Arabia's National Day. In his cable the Crown Prince wished King Fahd success in the leadership of his people to achieve prosperity for his country.

#### Royal decree appoints new Senate member

AMMAN (Petra) - The Upper House of Parliament (Senate) held a meeting Saturday under the chairmanship of House Speaker Ahmad Al Tarawneh. During the meeting a royal decree was read out appointing Mr. Mutlaq Al Hadid a Senate member. Mr. Hadid was later sworn in as a Senate member.

#### Badran, Santoshi discuss Mideast

AMMAN (J.T.) - Prime Minister Mudar Badran conferred in his office Saturday with Indian Ambassador to Jordan P.L. Santoshi. They reviewed the Middle East situation in general and the situation in Lebanon in particular. Also discussed were Jordanian-Indian cooperation in various fie-

#### Italian court convicts 5 chemical plant officials

MONZA. Italy (R) - An Italian court, finding five ex-managers of a chemical plant which emitted a cloud of poisonous dioxin partly responsible for the disaster. Saturday gave them jail terms ranging from two and a half to five years. None of the defendants was in the small crowded court at Monza when Judge Cesare di Nunzio read out the sentence after discussing the verdict for more than 24 hours with his two fellow magistrates.

#### **Bulgarian** official charged with spying in U.S.

NEW YORK (R) — U.S. government agents arrested a Bulgarian official on espionage charges Friday night as he left a New York restaurant with highly sensinve documents concerning nuclear energy passed to him by an American citizen. Penyu Kostadinov, a member of the Bulgarian State Security Service, will be formally charged with spying later Saturday, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) said.

#### Bangladesh floods leave 500,000 homeless

DHAKA (R) - Floods sweeping northern and northwestern Bangladesh have left more than half a million people homeless and killed at least 33, officials said Saturday. According to the officials, latest reports said 11 people had died in worst-hit Faridour district and two in Rajshahi. Newspapers, however, reported 46 deaths and close to one million homeless in five of the nine flooded districts.

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### Army clashes with Amal forces in Beirut

BEIRUT (R) — The Lebanese army, using tanks and artillery, battled with Amal (hope) militiamen near Beirut Airport Saturday as the focus of the Lebanese conflict shifted from the mountains to the

lled Muslim suburbs next to Beirut and Italian troops. Airport after the militiamen captured 30 army officers and sol-

diers, local residents said. The suburban fighting, and Amal involvement, raised fears that the powerful Shi'ite militia might launch a new front against the Lebanese army, which is already fighting Syrian-backed Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) mil-

itias in the hills behind the capital. U.S. Marines at the airport, who spent most of Friday night in bunkers under heavy shelling and gunfire, said they were not being fired on Saturday but that the army and militiamen were fighting around the nearby suburbs of Hay Al Sullum. Mreije and Bourj Al Bra-

As the complex Lebanese conflict continued and ceasefire moves stuttered, the U.S. battleship New Jersey was reported to be approaching Lebanese waters as a further show of American firepower.

There are already 14 U.S. navy vessels off Beirut, with more than 10,000 American personnel, including 2,600 Marines, on board in

The army surrounded and she- keeping force with British, French

Both the navy missile cruiser Virginia and the onshore Marines blasted anri-government militia positions with shellfire Friday night after the Marines came under attack. Four Marines were

As the fighting flared in the southern suburbs. Saudi mediators were said to be trying desperately to find a formula for a ceasefire agreement between the Lebanese government on the one hand and the PSP and other opposition, as well as their Syrian backers, on the

Because ceasefire hopes were dashed over political nuances Friday, the Saudis were now trying to win the agreement of both sides to a ceasefire only, with all political issues to be discussed later. Lebanese government sources said.

Other sources close to the ceasefire negotiations said the Saudis were suggesting that Saudi Arabia, other Arab countries and some non-aligned nations could provide guarantees that any agreements worked out between the addition to the 1,200 Marines at opposing sides after a ceasefire Beirut Airport as part of a peace-would go into effect.



U.S. Marines unload supplies from a helicopter at Beirut International Airport as shells explode in the mountains above the airport area (A.P. wirephoto)

was quoted Saturday as saving U.S. forces had shelled Shi'ne southern suburbs Friday night.

Lebanese state television said Mr. Berri visited U.S. Ambassador Robert Dillon Saturday to complain about the alleged American shelling.

After the USS Virginia and the onshore Marines opened fire Friday night. Marines spokesman

Amal militia leader Nabih Berri Major Robert Jordan sald only that they were aiming east and declined to be more specific.

This could cover the Shi ite suburbs just east of Beirut Airport of PSP positions in the hills. U.S. Marines had said earlier they were coming under moriar, machinegun and rifle fire from Shi ite areas as well as shelling from the hills. Mr. Berri, expected to play a key role in any ceasefire and sub-

sequent dialogue, said Saturday he did not think the ceasefire moves has reached a dead end. "It is an arduous, complicated road but it is not impossible," he told reporters.

"Americans and others who interfere will only drown in the Lebanese swamp. This swamp needs constant diplomatic movement, not the (battleship) New Jersey." the militia chief sald.

### King ends talks with Malaysian officials

MALAYSIA (Petra) - His Maj- their endeavours within the Orgesty King Hussein Saturday con-cluded his talks with senior Mal-aysian officials on Jordanian-Malaysian cooperation in eco-nomic and technical fields.

In his reply specch, King Hus-sein voiced his appreciation to the

various development projects in Malaysia.

King Hussein Saturday paid a visit to the International Islamic University in Kuala Lumpur and was briefed by its president on its development and programmes. Earlier Saturday, the King and the Jordanian delegation toured Malavsian agrarian projects particularly those that produce nat-ural rubber, Malaysia's main expon product

In the morning. King Hussein laid a wreath at the country's national monument in the capital and signed the visitors register.

Saturday evening Malaysia's King Sultan Ahmad Shah gave a dinner banquet in honour of King Hussein and Queen Noor, which was attended by officials from both sides.

In a speech at the dinner. Sultan Ahmad paid tribute to King Hussein's efforts for serving the causes of his nation and for strengthening Malaysian-Jordanian ties. He expressed hope that the two countries will further bolster their bil-

At the closing session of talks, Malaysian monarch and his govheld at the prime minister's office ernment and people for the very here. King Hussein was briefed on warm welcome and hospitality accorded to the royal party in Malaysia.

The Arab Nation deeply appreciates Malaysia's support for the Palestinian people's rights in their homeland and views with admiration Malaysia's leading and influential role in South East Asia. and in the Islamic World, King Hussein said.

The King spoke about Israel's occupation of Palestine and Jerusalem and its drive to Judaise Arab territory and evict the Arah population from their homeland.

Israel's pursuance of its aggressive policies against the Arabs threatens the region's stability and endangers world peace. King Hussein said.

He added that since 1967 Israel has annexed Jerusalem and has been driving the Palestinians out of their lands and Judaising Palestinian territory. The world is now witnessing Israel's occupation of Lebanon, and recalls the fresh massacres which its troops had committed in the Palestinian camps of Beirus. King ateral cooperation and increase Hussein said.

### World leaders gather for U.N. session

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Lea- ister Indira Gandhi of India, head ders in international diplomacy began to gather Saturday for a United Nations General Assembly session expected to be one of the stormiest in recent memory because of current East-West ten-

Foreign Ministers of several stathe Soviet Union — are already on hand for Monday's start of the substantive part of the session.

On Sunday, President Reagan will be the first of some 40 heads for U.N. appearances. Prime Min- and Mr. Perez de Cuellar to clear

PARIS (R) — Lebanese Foreign Minister Elie Salem said Saturday

he was returning home after talks with French External Relations

Minister Claude Cheysson bec-

ause the chances of a ceasefire

appeared to be receding as fresh

fighting was reported from around

Mr. Salem arrived from Athens

unexpectedly Friday amid a flurry

of diplomatic activity as int-

ermediaries in the Middle East

BEIRUT (R) - More than 1,000

Palestinian commandos are mov-

anisation (PLO) spokesman said

Saturday. Ahmad Abdul Rahman, spe-

aking to Reuters by telephone

from the north Lebanese port of

Tripoli, said the commandos were

moving to the Harmal area, in the

He said all the commandos were

members of Fateh. the largest

group in the PLO. He described

them as "our forces" - app-

arently indicating they were loyal

to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

far northeast of Lebanon.

of the Non-Aligned Movement, arrives on Monday. Other leaders-due at the U.N.

next week will include French President Francols Mitterrand, Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau, King Hassan of Morocco, and Presidents Hosni Mubarak of tes - but not Andrei Gromyko of Egypt and Tanzania's Julius Nye-Mr. Reagan will give a lunch

Sunday for U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar. Aides of state or government to arrive an opportunity for the President

sought to get a Saudi-arranged

He was to have flown to New

York Sunday to head Lebanon's

delegation at the United Nations

General Assembly, but told rep-

orters after two hours of talks with

Cheysson that he was heading

Lebanese embassy officials were unable to say if Mr. Salem

had brought any specific message

to France, which has 2,000 men in

Amman Friday said Syrian tanks had encircled Palestinian bases in

Some 6,000 Fatch commandos

are believed to be based in the

Syrian-held Bekaa, but many of

these are loyal to Abu Musa and

Abu Saleh, two pro-Syrian com-

manders who challenged Mr. Ara-

Syrian order, which reached Tri-

poli Friday afternoon, gave no

Arafat had asked Saudi Arabia to

The PLO statement said Mr.

Mr. Abdul Rahman said the

fat's leadership last May.

reason for the move.

Salem holds talks with Cheysson

ceasefire plan accepted.

back to Beirut.

ing north out of Lebanon's eastern the Bekaa and given the com-

Bekaa Valley under Syrian orders. mandos one hour to leave or face

A PLO statement issued in clarify whether the order was con-

a Palestine Liberation Org- eviction by force.

the air after a week of chilled relations between the world body and the United States.

The coolness was induced by suggestions in the U.S. that the U.N. was welcome to get out of New York, and a Senate decision to slash the American contribution to the organisation.

Senior American officials at the U.N. and in Washington sought Friday to improve the atmosphere, reaffirming administration support for the U.N. said the occasion would provide. and stating that this would be one of Mr. Reagan's themes in his address to the General Assembly.

the Multinational Force and

whose navy jets carried out an air

strike against what a spokesman

said were Syrian anillery batteries

As the two men talked, reports

from Lebanon said the Saudis

were trying to overcome problems

in getting Syria to accept the cea-

sefire, which president Amin

Gemayel was reported to have

nected with a proposed ceasefire

between the Lebanese army and

anti-government forces near Bei-

rut, Mr. Abdul Rahman declined

to give any details of the message.

Asked if the pro-Arafat forces

would be able to stay in Harmal, a

mountainous area on the nor-

theastern slopes of the Lebanon

The bulk of Mr. Arafar's men in

Lebanon have already moved to

the Tripoli area, where the PLO

leader arrived last week on his first

visit to Lebanon for three months.

The Palestinian camps near

Tripoli are in the middle of

Syrian-held territory and Mr. Ara-

fat has not explained how he ret-

range, he said: "We will see."

on Thursday.

agreed 10 Friday.

### Lebanon accepts tripartite summit

BEIRUT (R) - Lebanon accepted an Arab League proposal-Saturday for a tripartite summit with Syria and Saudi Arabia in the hope of ending heavy fighting which continued Saturday in and around Beirut.

As artillery fire lit the foothills behind the capital, state television reported that Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi had proposed a meeting in Riyadh of Lebanese President Amin Gemayel, Saudi King Fahd and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad. Mr. Gemayel and King Fahd

had already accepted the proposal, the television said, without mentioning whether Syria had reacted.

The Arab League proposal, under which Mr. Klibi himself would take part, was the latest attempt to end the fighting which has engulfed Lebanon -

Syrian troops let him through their

checkpoints when he visited the

He said relations with Syria

It said Mr. Arafat asked Saudi

were still strained, but that he was

doing his best to improve them.

south of Lebanon on Tuesday.

# Alan Urwick.

### crash

Pakistanis and nine Britons were reported to be among 112 people killed Friday when a Gulf Air jet on a flight from Karachi to Bahrain crashed near Abu Dhabi in the United Arab Emirates In an interview Friday, he said (UAE).

Gulf Air said in a statement that a twin-engined Boeing 737. flying from Karachi to Bahrain, crashed 48 kilometres from Abu Dhabi Airport. It made no mention of casualties or possible causes of the

The PLO statement said the But the official UAE News

> Agency said the dead also included two British hostesses and a Bahraini chief hostess.

> Abu Dhabi, while the 24 others were going on to Doha, Qatar. There was no indication of exa-

ctly where the plane crashed, but aviation sources in Bahrain said it might have come down in a military area. This could account for the lack of firm public information.

Gulf Air said a 12-member team of technicians led by the airline's chief executive. Ali Ibrahim Rashid, had left Bahrain for Abu Dhabi to inspect the debris and determine the cause of the acc-

#### Hassan receives British team Odeh who spoke about the sitthe current situation is helping the

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. the Regent, Saturday received at the Royal Court a visiting delegation representing the Royal College of Defence Studies in Bri-

During the meeting the Crown Prince spoke about Israel's arbitrary measures in the occupied Arab territories and its drive to Judaise the Arab regions after evicuing its indigenous population.
The Israeli measures are being

escalated and increased due to the lack of international will to improve effective and firm measures to counter them. Prince Hassan said. The meeting was attended by British Ambassador to Jordan

uation in Lebanon and its impact on the Middle East region in general and the Palestine issue in particular. "The focussing of world attention on Lebanon's civil war has pushed the central issue of Mr. Abu Odeh said.

Mr. Abu Odeh stressed the fact that Israel, benefitting from the current situation in Lebanon, is consolidating its hold on the occupied West Bank and establishing more settlements. The Israelis have recently stepped up this policy by establishing settlements inside the occupied West Bank city of Hebron, Mr. Abu Odeh said.

During the meeting the minister also reviewed with the delegation the dangers resulting from Israel's

Israelis to pursue their aggressive programmes. The delegation later met with Army Chief of Staff Fathi Abu

Taleb and senior army officers. and also with the speaker of the Palestine into the background". Senate Ahmad Al Tarawnch and Senate members. At the meeting, Mr. Tarawneh

spoke about the Palestine issue and the various peace initiatives to end the Arab-Israeli conflict. A discussion followed in which both sides discussed Britain's role in helping to solve Middle East issucs. The meeting was attended by the British Ambassador Alan Urwick.

The delegation later called at the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and met with its Acting Director oppressive measures and said that Dr. Fakhreddin Daghestani.

#### Kabul seeks to regain 9 Britons die support in eastern district ISLAMABAD (R) - The

appears to be trying to regain support among tribes along Afg-hanistan's eastern frontier after large-scale defections to Muslim guerrilla attack. guerrillas there. Western dinlomats said here Saturday. They noted a report by the Sov-

ernment officials in a Jirga (tribal council) in Khost, a town under Afghanistan. heavy pressure from guerrillas fighting for an Islamic Republic.

Soviet embassy here, said chiefs officials they would protect towns. bridges and roads from what it called counter-revolutionary bands. they returned to their villages.

Travellers coming from the area Soviet-backed Kabul government earlier this week said several dozen Soviet advisers in the Afghan army garrison there were flown our because of an expected

Capturing Khost and two other besieged towns along the border. Urgun and Jaji, would allow the iet News Agency Novosti saying guerrillas to move men and mat-seven tribes recently joined goverial more casily from their bases in Pakistan into the interior of

The diplomats noted that earlier government-sponsored Jirgas The report, distributed by the have sometimes backfired on those attending. They said several and elders of the tribes assured the tribes men who attended a highly-publicised meeting in Kabul were later murdered when

### Moscow accuses U.S. of attacking Soviet ship

Union accused the U.S. autongings' without giving any exphorities Saturday of organising an lanation, TASS said. armed attack on a Soviet cargo ship in New York harbour and harassing a Russian trade official as part of a campaign of pro- the U.S. authorities." vocation.

The official News Agency TASS said the incidents took place in the New York Port area on the night of Sept. 22.

TASS said a group of armed men threatened a port pilot and tried to hinder preparations for Kravtsov.

Five hours earlier, Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) agents year, it added. stopped A.P. Voloshin of the Sovas he was driving through the dis-

trict, it added. oshin and his car "arrogantly sif- people.

MOSCOW (R) - The Soviet ted through his personal bel-

It added: "Obviously these acts, hostile to the Soviet Union, were pre-planned and coordinated by

The Soviet embassy in Washington had protested over the incidents, which TASS said were part of a series of "insolent provocations" against Soviet citizens in the United States, staged by the

U.S. Security Services. The aim was to foment antiunloading the cargo ship General Soviet psychosis to prepare public opinion for the deployment of new U.S. missiles in Europe later this

The Kremlin has been waging a iet Amtorg Trading Organisation campaign against, alleged U.S. provocations since a Soviet fighter shot down a South Korean Boeing The agents searched Mr. Vol- 747 three weeks ago, killing 269

## Gulf states to hold joint military exercises

Palestinian fighters move out of Bekaa Valley

BAHRAIN (R) — The six member states of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) will hold a threeweek joint military exercise from Oct. 2 in a move to show their determination to defend the oilrich region.

Announcing the exercise, Abu Dhabi heir-apparent Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Zaid was quoted Saturday by the official United Arab Emirates News Agency (WAM) as saying it would be followed by naval and air force exercises next

The six members of the twoyear-old GCC are Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Oatar, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and

Sheikh Khalifa, a lieutenantgeneral and deputy commander of the UAE Armed Forces, said the exercise codenamed "Gazira (island) Shield" was part of the setting up of a GCC Rapid Deployment Force (RDF) capable of defending the region.

The force would "contribute in maintaining stability in this sensitive part of the world," he said. The Gulf council was formed two years ago as an economic and

security grouping partly due to

fears of member states for their

security following Iran's Islamic

Revolution and the Soviet int-

ervention in Afghanistan in 1979.

Sheikh Khalifa said each member would provide a ground unit with the UAE Air Force playing a "supportive role." Live ammunition will be used, he said.

The UAE agency quoted him as saying the exercise was codenamed Gazira Shield to symbolise unity among the Arab Gulf countries and "the common objective of bringing their people

He said the manoeuvres rev-

ealed the "determination of the

GCC members to preserve their

identity and sovereignty and their

full commitment to defend their

interests and protect their natural

Stability in the region would enable the governments to concentrate on the development of their countries for the benefit of their own people, he added.

the seizure of the U.S. embassy in Tehran.

The American force was des-

## wealth against all ambitions."

The Gulf force resembles the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force set up by President Carter in 1980 following the Iranian Revolution and

igned to answer any request for help from a Gulf state and as such had access to airfields in Egypt. Sudan, Oman and Somalia where it has staged joint exercises.

Earlier, the delegation met Information Minister Adnan Abu

96 Pakistanis,

## in Gulf Air

BAHRAIN (R) - Ninety-six

commander of Syrian forces in the Agency WAM quoted a Gulf Air Bekaa summoned Fateh officers official in Karachi as saying the at 4 p.m. Friday and asked them to 112 people killed included 96 Pakget their men out within the hour. istanis, seven Britons, an American and an Iranian. There were Arabia and Arab League Secno survivors. retary General Chadli Klibi to int-

The agency, which quoted the ervene and have the order resofficial as saying the pilot was an cinded, but apparently this had no Omani and the co-pilot a Bahraini, gave no names. The Bahrain-based Gulf News

> WAM said it understood that 72 of the Pakistanis on the plane were travelling from Karachi to

## MIDDLE EAST

# Souk Al Gharb becomes focus of Lebanon conflict

SOUK AL GHARB, Lebanon (R) — This shellsmashed mountain town, stubbornly defended by the Lebanese army with the halp of American naval guns, has become the focus of the army's battle to resist Syrian-backed rebels pressing on Beirut.

Atter almost three weeks facing artitlery and ground assaults, exhausted soldiers garrisoned in Souk Al Gharb early Friday enjoyed a relative clam as hopes rose that diplomatic efforts to secure a ccasefire would succeed at last. The hopes proved abortive later in

Army mortars dug in among the town's splintered and broken pine trees pumped out irregular rounds and several shells came crashing back. Snipers from both sides exchanged sporadic fire.

But the intensity of fighting was much reduced. "It's an abnormal day." grinned one helmeted soldier slumped in the back of a dusty armoured personnel carrier (APC).

Once a leafy resort town. Souk Al-Gharb came under attack early this month as leftist anti-government forces threw back their rightist militia rivals from the Shouf Mountains and met the army's main line of defence southeast of Beirut.

The fighting has ravaged the town, destroying many buildings, ripping great holes in the roads, felling telephone lines and bursting

Tanks, jeeps. APCs and ambulances line the streets, parked close to stout stone walls for maximum cover. Spent cartridge cases of every calibre litter the streets, and empty ammunition boxes are scattered everywhere.

None of the town's 4,000 mainly Greek Orthodox inhabitants was to be seen. Almost all fled in the fighting.

The army has turned the town's hotel, the Hijjar, into its command post and main billet. The floors are lined with mattresses and an APC. is backed up to the main entrance to serve as a communications

From the hotel's terrace, its orange canvas canopy shredded by shrapnel, a magnificent panorama of Beirut 61111 metres below and 15 kilometres away gives an idea of why Souk Al Gharb is so vital

If the leftist Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) militiamen held the town, which sits atop a ridge running east-west towards the Mediterranean, they could train their guns straight at the capital and at the American. French, Italian and British peacekeeping troops sta-

They could also fire directly at President Amin Gemayel's palace in Baabda a few kilometres north of Souk Al Gharb.

In such a position, diplomats say, leaders of the Druze minority and their Syrian backers could start to dictate their demands, which include a constitutional shake-up to give them greater say in the

Control of Souk Al Gharb would also allow the Druze and their allies access from towns and villages they already control to the east in the Shouf to other Druze communities in Aitat. Ain Anoub and

This would leave them with an unbroken chain of commanding

positions south of Beirut stretching almost to the sea.

By the same token, a defensive line raised by the army in an arc southeast of the capital would be broken if Souk Al Gharb fell. In addition. Souk Al Gharb is now being seen by Lebanese of all loyalties as a test of the effectiveness of the newly-rebuilt.

American-trained army. Were it to fall, the credibility of the 33.000-strong force would be severely dented, along with that of Mr. Gemayel's government which relies on the army for much of its authority in the small area of

Lebanon around Beirut that it controls. The United States, concerned for the safety of its 1,200 Marines in the peacekeeping force as well as Mr. Gemayel's government, acknowledged this when its ships off Beirut went into action last Monday

to prevent Souk Al Gharb from falling. Hundreds of shells were fired at rebel positions around the town in the first military action by the U.S. in Beirut not prompted directly by

a threat to American lives. According to PSP fighters in Aley, just across the front line from Souk Al Gharb, the massive U.S. barrage stopped an assault on the

town just as they expected to capture it. They said they had not launched any major ground attack on Souk

Al Gharb since then, although Lebanese troops in the beleaguered town dispute this. The PSP indicated they had no intention of doing battle with the U.S. Sixth Fleet. French Super Etendard jets went into action Thursday, bombing

anti-government forces near Aley after four French soldiers were wounded in the shelling of Beirut.

After the bombing, the first by the multi-nations force, the level of shelling and fighting in the mountains dropped significantly and remained Friday this morning.

But all that changed abruptly in the afternoon, after ceasefire moves, earlier reported successful, again appeared deadlocked, U.S. Marines at Beirut Airport came under intense shelling later Friday evening, with rounds landing at the rate of one every five seconds, state-run Beirut Radio reported.

A U.S. Marines spokesman said the missile cruiser USS Virginia fired one of its five-inch guns and the Marines used a 155mm howitzer against positions east of Beirut Airport.

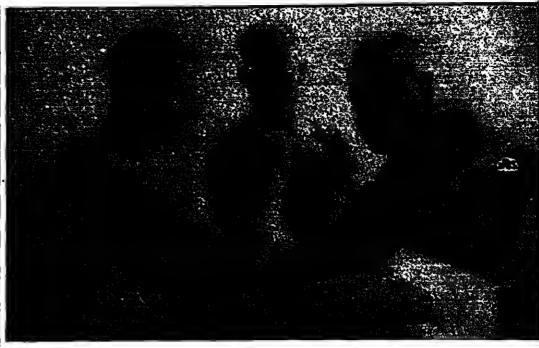
The naval and ground fire came after the Marines had two men wounded when they came under fire from mortars, machineguns, rifles and even an anti-aircraft gun, according to a Marine spo-

The fire appeared to be part of battles between the Lebanese army and PSP militias in the suburbs close to the airport and the nearby hills, after the early morning lull. The Lebanese army has insisted repeatedly that most of the fig-

hiers it faces on the front line are Palestinian guerrillas. Citing this and Syrian support for the PSP, the army and the government say the current conflict is not civil warfare, but an attack

by foreign forces on Mr. Gemayer's regime. The PSP fighters in Aley strongly deny any significant outside Palestinian involvement.

They say the few Palestinians fighting with them are men who live in the area. They say the PSP are fighting only to secure "equal rights" for their people in the mountains following an influx of rightist militiamen to the area after the Israeli occupation last year. They accuse vir. Gemayel of favouring the rightist militias.



A BIT OF ARM WRESTLING: U.S. Marines serving in Beirut try arm wrestling during a lull in the shelling. From left to right: Corporal Thomas Stowe of Sommerville NJ, Corporal Darrel Siller of Apopka, Fl. and Corporal Ray Page of Dunn, NC.

## Para-military alert in Sind Province for local elections

ISLAMABAD(R) - Troops and para-military forces were on standby in Pakistan's troubled Sind Province Saturday as campaigning. started officially for controversiallocal council elections on Wed-

Residents of Karachi, the provincial capital, said they saw groups of soldiers in several parts of the city Saturday morning and opposition sources reported para-military forces pairolling central Sind towns.

Provincial officials have said the elections, which political parties banned under martial law are not allowed to contest, will go ahead as planned despite an opposition

Officials in central Sind, scene of the most violent protests against President Mohammad Zia Ul had earlier urged a delay because many records had been destroyed in attacks on government bui-

According to official figures, more than 40 people have been killed since the opposition Mov-. ement for the Restoration of Democracy (MRD) launched its anti-martial law campaign on Aug. 14. The opposition has put the death toll at more than 100.

The eight parties in the MRD reject the elections as a fraud and have demanded Gen. Zia's resignation and immediate elections for a civil parliament.

Gen. Zia has twice cancelled scheduled general elections since seizing power in 1977 from former Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhu-

Haq's six-year martial law regime. to who was executed later. Last month he promised to hold elections by March 1985.

> Provincial authorities warned that no marches or public meetings would be allowed during the three-day campaign. The local councils were first elected in 1979. Candidates approved by ele-

> ctoral commissions are allowed to canvass door-to-door and disiribute pamphlets. It is not known how many can-

> didates have been rejected in Sind because of their ties with banned According to the Karachi daily.

> Dawn. electoral commissions in the province of Punjab, where local polls will take place on Thursday, have rejected over 90 per cent of applicants.

### demand end to persecution LONDON (R) — Leaders of the

Iran's Bahai's

Baha'i faith have appealed to Tehran to stop what they called persecution of followers in Iran after they had complied with a gov-ernment order to dissolve their administrative institutions.

British spokesman for the Baha'i faith, established in Persia in the middle of the 19th century to preach world unity, told a press conference here that administrative assemblies of Iran's Baha'is were told to disband last week.

"We complied with the Iranian order and therefore ask that persecution of Baha'is in Iran stop." said Simon Mortimore, chairman of the National Spiritual Baha'i

Assembly in Britain. Baha'i officials say persecution of the faith, which is regarded by Iran's Shi ite Muslims as heresy. has increased since Ayatollah Khomeini came to power in 1979,

The decreee on dissolution of Baha'i institutions - the faith has no clergy and elected assemblies look after communities — was announced on Aug. 29 by a Tehran newspaper. Mr. Mortimore said that alt-

hough the Iranian embassy in London had so far not confirmed the order. Baha'i leaders. in keeping with their policy of obeying the law of the land, had ordered their assemblies in Iran to stop functioning.

Baha'i officials say 142 Baha'is

have been executed in Iran since the 1979 Islamic revolution and 16 are missing. Scores of others are in jail awaiting trial, many on charges of spying for the United States and Israel.

### Bangladeshi exile arrested upon return

DHAKA (R) - A former Bangladesh minister, sought since the military seized power in March last year, was arrested Friday wit--hin a week of returning to the country police said:

They said retired Col. Akbar Hossain, a minister in the cabinet of assassinated President Ziaur Rahman, would be charged with corruption and defying a martial

law order to surrender. Col. Akbar went into hiding soon after last year's military takeover and left the country when a

martial law court ordered him to surrender to answer charges of corruption. The court declared him "wanted" and ordered the confiscation of all his property. Sources in his family said no

specific charges had been laid against him and he had left Ban-

ister to be arrested since the country's military ruler, Lt. Gen. Hossain Mohammad Ershad, launched a crusade against corruption last year.

. 44574

### U.S., allies amass massive naval strike power off Lebanese waters

ted States and its allies in the Beirui peacekeeping force are amassing a strong fleet off Lebanon in what U.S. officials say is a show of support for the government of President Amin Gemayel.

Some of the vessels in the growing flect of U.S., British, French and Italian ships are in the area on exercises ostensibly unrelated to the fighting in Lebanon.

But U.S. officials said the naval

presence, with its massive striking

power, makes clear to the anti-

covernment factions in Lebanon the extent of Western backing for VIr. Gemayel's government.

led into action, beyond the present U.S. shelling of opposition militia units with five-inch (127 mm) missiles, should the situation deteriorate.

U.S. naval forces in the Mediterranean, already strong with 35 ships, were augmented this week by the arrival of the battleship New Jersey, with its 16-inch (400) mm | guns which can lob 2,70tipound (1.230 kg) shells 35 kil-

nuclear-powered aircraft carrier Eisenhower with 90 planes.

France's aircraft carrier Foch They said the fleet could be cal-

Super Etendard fighters which hit lefust positions Thursday is also off Lebanon, backing French troops in the peacekeeping force.

The British sent three carriers to the eastern Mediterranean, but they say the Hermes and Illustrious, with helicopters. Harrier "jump-jets" and Lutti commandos, are there for North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) exercises.

And London says the Invincible Among the 12 U.S. ships now off the Lebancse coast is the is in the area on a flag-showing tour before going through the Suez Canal to Australia and the

Italy has three frigates backing with about 411 planes, including its contingent in the peace force.

### French strike reportedly coordinated from Paris

PARIS (R) - The French air strike Thursday against targets behind Syrian lines in Lebanon was directly coordinated from a command centre in Paris, the influential newspaper Le Monde

Le vionde, citing military sources, said three waves of aircraft from the carrier Foch were directly involved in the raid, as well as Crusader interceptors to provide fighter cover-

It said the operation was conceived in Paris and commanded from the French capital by General Jeannou Lacaze. the armed forces chief of staff.

surveyed the targets -- artillery batteries in an area controlled by Syrian troops, Le Monde said. It said Super Etendards equ-

ipped with bombs, rockets and cannon then attacked the targets. and photo-reconnaissance jets followed up to ascertain damage. Military experts said the tec-

hnical equipment aboard the Super Etendards would enable them to place a bomb within 21t metres of a target. Le Monde said a total of 1tt aircraft flew from the Foch on the mission. Le Monde said the Foch was

due to be replaced on the eastern Mediterranean station by the car-The first wave consisted of Ete- rier Clemenceau in the first two weeks of October.

#### Greece, Cyprus say U.N. initiative is 'useful' ATHENS (R) - Greece and the two communities.

Cyprus Saturday described as useful and constructive a plan by United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar for a solution to the Cyprus issue.

A communique issued at the end of talks here between the visiting Cypriot President Spyros Kyprianou and Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou said the two sides reached an identity of views on the marter.

The plan, drawn up by Mr. Perez de Cuellar, lays out two possible arrangements for a federal Cyprus and both involve land concessions by the Turkish Cypriots. One suggests that the presidency of Cyprus should rotate between

.... Aqaba (RJ)
... Baghdad (IA)
.... Jeddah (SV)
.... Kuwait (RJ)

Dhahran (RJ)

Dubei, Muscut (RJ)

The two sides pledged their

fidence over the plan. Greek Under-Secretary of

also took part in the talks. In a statement after the talks.

## gladesh legally as a free citizen. Akbar is the 12th former min-

#### TV & RADIO

#### JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

...... Children's Programme
Mighty Mouse
Children's Programme 17:40 Children's Programme
18:10 Foreign Programme: Prestige
19:20 Programme Review
19:30 A Special Programme on
Yemen's National Day .... News in Arabic Arabic Series
Local Programme ..... News Summary

#### FOREIGN CHANNEL

	French Programm
00	News in Frenci
	News in Hebrer
	News in Arabi
	George and Mildre
	Holywood
00	News in Englis
IS	Magnun

### RADIO JORDAN

a party on 9500 KHZ, 3W
67:99 Morning Show
07:30 News Bulletin
10:00 News Summary
10:05 Morning Show
12:00 News Summary
12:95 Pop Session
13:09 News Summary
13:03 Catch the Words
14:00 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumentals
15:00 Concest Hour
16:09 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals. Old Favourites
17:90 Listeners' Choice
18:90, News Summary
18:05 Jazz Hour
19:00 Newsdesk
19:30 Date with e Star
26:00 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:55 News Summary
22:00 Evening Show
23:89 News Summary
23:03 Evening Show
24:00 News Headlines

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE**

639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Divertimento 06:45 Financial Review 06:55 Ref-lections 07:00 World News 07:09 British Press Review 07:15 Letterbox 07:30 Words and Music 07:45 Letter 07:30 Words and Music 07:45 Letter 07:30 America 08:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Cou-nterpart 09:00 World News 09:09 News about Britain 09:15 From Our Own Correspondent 09:30 Sarah and Comabout Britain 09:15 From Our Own Correspondent 09:20 Sarah and Com-pany 10:00 World News 10:09 Rel-lections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 Science in Action 11:45 Sports Review 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:40 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Baker's Half Dozen 14:00 Play of the Week 15:00 World News 15:09 Com-mentary 15:15 Good Books 15:30 Short Story 15:45 The Tony Myatt Reguest Story 15:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show 16:30 Cricket Commentary 17:00 Show 16:30 Cricket Commentary 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 From the Pro-menade Concerts 18:60 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:35 Francial Review 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:09 Meridian 19:40 19:00 World News 19:09 Mendian 19:40 Reflections 19:45 Sports Roundup 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Roads Newsreet 20:30 Brain of Britain 1983 21:00 Words and Music 21:15 Maigret 22:00 World News 22:00 Commentary 22:18 Letterbox 22:30 Sunday Half-Hour 23:00 The Towers of Trebizond 23:15 The Ple-asure's Yours 24:00 World News 00:00 Science in Action 60:40 Reflections 00:45 Sparte Paraday 01:00 World 00:45 Sports Roundup 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentan 21:15 Letter from America 01:30 Songs of an English

VOICE OF AMERICA KHz 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 95:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informat Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports. Interviews, Answith Feature Reports. Interviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and New Products 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 International Viewpoints 18:00 Music USA Standards 19:00 News 18:10 Cities Challet 18:00 News 19:10 Critic's Choice 19:30 Special Eng-lish News and Features

### WHAT'S GOING ON

#### **CULTURAL CENTRES**

Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 661026/7 Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777 Spanish Cultural Centre...... Turkish Cultural Centre Haya Arts Centre \_\_\_\_\_\_ 665195 Hussein Youth City \_\_\_\_\_ 607181 41793

Amman Municipal Library .... 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555

#### MUSEUMS

Falldore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theetre, centuriest. The Roman Infectite, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. \$1760. Jordan Archaeological Maneum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Scidman and Similar hadisan) 1000.

lection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal

orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh, Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Muneum: Collection of military memorabilis duting from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 66424t.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old hems such as costumes. Pepular Life of Jordan Museum: 190 to 150 year old nems such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.

#### ndard reconnaissance jets which

Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

Lieus Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Merriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Palindelphia Rotary Club, Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Ins., 1:30 p.m.

(Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.), Closed Tuesdays, Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-

SERVICE CLUBS ARRIVALS

tary Club, Meetink every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, fl.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club, Jabal Arnman, Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Amman, tel. 24590.
Church of the Ansemciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luwelbdeh, 37440.
De is Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabal Hussein, 661757.
Church of the Ammunistion (Greek

Orthodoxi Abdali, 23541.

Angican Church (Church of the Red-

75261. St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Onhodos)

Ashrafieh, 71751.
Amman International Church (Inter-

denominational); meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

(Sunrise) Shuruq Dhuhr

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dan Orthodox Church Ashrafich.

always be verified.

09:15 09:30 09:40 09:45 Ohahran (RI) Beirut (RJ) 10:35 10:35 13:25 Muscat, Dubsi, Doha (GF)
Dhahran, Riyadh (SV)
Cairo (MS) ... Kuwait (KU) ... Jeddah (SV) ... Baghdad (IA) ...... Cairo (RJ) 13:40 15:20 15:30 Paris (RJ) 16:00 16:15 Athens (RJ) Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ) Vienna, New York (RJ)
London, Paris (RJ) 17:1S 17:35 ., Tucia, Casablanca (RJ) 19:50 19:55 London (BA) 20:15 Beirut (MEA) Athens (OA) 22:55 Zurich Athens, Damascus (SR) \_ Cairo (MS) 20.25 .. Cairo (EU)

### DEPARTURES

95:30 97:90 99:80 99:85 . Aqaba (RJ) Rome (AZ) Larmaca, Tripoli (LN)
Rome (RJ) Amsterdam, New York (RJ) Athens (RJ)
Cairo (RJ)
Riyadh, Dhahran (SV) 11:45 Copenhagen (SK) 12:15 14:30 14:30

Baghdad (RJ)

### AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department to the Queen Alia International Airport, tel. 108) \$3250, 53070, 53082, \$3171, where it should

#### Baghdad (RJ) Baghdad, London (BA) Cairo (RJ) Tripoli, Lamaca (1.1)

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

### MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sell/buy rates in fils Belgian franc 68.2 68.6 Dutch guilder 124 124.7 Egyptian guinea 329 333.3 French franc 48.6 45.9 Lebanese bra ..... ..... 1056.6/ 1061.6 .. 100.4/ 101 ... 105.6/ 106.1 Saudi riyal ...... Swedish crown ... Series franc ...... . 17V 

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

WEATHER

It will be partly cloudy, with nor-thwesterly moderate to fresh winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly mod-

Yesterday's high temperetures: Amman 25, Aqaba 31. Humidity rea-dings: Amman 44 per cent, Aqaba 35

support to ensure success for the U.N. initiative and the two countries have already expressed con-

State for Foreign Affairs Yannis Kapsis and the new Cypriot Foreign Minister Georgios Iakouvou and diplomais from the two sides

Prime Minister Papandreou said both Greece and Cyprus had responded positively to the U.N. initiative from the beginning and had even encouraged the secretary-

### **USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS**

Mibyar taxi .

Jordan (uxi

IRBID

Asem taxi .....

Dr. Zeid Jaradat

#### **EMERGENCIES** Nairukh pharmacy Grand Arab pharmacy Al Hashemeh pharmacy Maher pharmacy Na im pharmacy Firstaid, fire, police ...... Blood bank 75121 Civil Defence rescue 661111

#### Municipal water service ...... 71125-8 Queen Alia Int. Airport ... (08) 53333 HOSPITALS

Traffic police 56390-1 Electric Power Co. 36381-2

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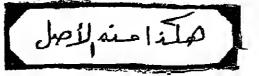
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#### ZARQA: Dr. Khalil Abu Hussein 88001 **GENERAL** Jordan Television 42311 Telephone: Information ordan and Middle East calls ...... Overseas calls ..... able or telegram ..... Repair service

#### MARKET DDICES

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14:55

### Club delegates brief members on women's international meeting

By Afifah A. Kaloti ecial to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Amman Professional and Business Women's Club held a meeting Saturday to inform its members of the results of a visit by club delegation to the women's international conference in Washington. The meeting was attended by Minister of Social Development In'am Al Mufti and by around 50 of the club's mem-

The conference of Professional and Business Women's Federation was held between Aug. 31-Sept. 5. Altogether 65 countries from all over the world participated yielding around 1,200 delegates.

Briefing the club's members on the conference, the club's Pre-sident, Hind Abdul Jaber, said that Jordan was the only Arab country to participate and was represented by members of the Amman club.

The conference, which was opened by senior American officials and held under the slogan of "Strategy for Success." was run along two lines: official sessions and workshops, she said.

The official programme, Mrs. Abdul Jaber explained, comprised of the presentation of working papers and lectures given by the federation's various members.

She went on to say that the conference discussed many important subjects related to working women and discussed amendments and suggestions with regard to the federation's con-

The voting was then taken on the amendments to the constitution that had been introduced during the conference, she said.

It was suggested that the various clubs should be divided up on a regional basis in accordance with their economic and social situation but this "was fiercely deb-ated and was then defeated." she

The conference's second course. Mrs. Abdul Jaber said, was to arrange workshops. During the workshops, she said, the Amman club participated in discussing the working papers prepared by the the federation's other committees.

delegation before departure. The five-member delegation was also represented in the federation's working committees, she

Mrs. Samira Oussous participated in the workshop of the United Nations Committee, Mrs. Reem Damen in the workings of the Cultural and Educational Committee, Mrs. Abla Haddad in the Membership Committee and Mrs. Abdul Jaber in the Women's Employment Committee.

Mrs. Abdul Jaber said that that the president of the employment committee, who is French, suggested a discussion on women's job opportunities and emp-

The discussion, she said, handled mainly the extent of women's contribution in the governmental and private sectors; the reasons for women's interest in one sector rather than the other and the reasons that limit her participation in the areas of advanced technology. engineering and construction.

It also discussed women's reasons for leaving their jobs after marriage, and possible solutions aimed at boosting her participation in the employment field, she said.

Mrs. Abdul Jaber added that the committee discussed the reasons behind failure of women to attain leading posts and responsible positions within society.

Women's education, health and living conditions were also discussed as well as the rights of one parent families and the legislation which could be passed to protect the working woman, she said.

"The Jordanian delegation briefed the committees on women's experiences in Jordan in all aspects of life and we exchanged different points of view which seek to solve outstanding problems related to woman," she

On the visits the delegation made whilst in Washington. Mrs. Abdul Jaber said that they visited the Women's Bureaux in the U.S. State and Labour Departments.

The other members of the delegation also briefed the club's members on their participation in

#### Pilgrims return to camp

Muslim pilgrims from Palestinian territory occupied since 1948 have and facilities offered them during returned to the pilgrims' camp here. The pilgrims, who have just performed their pilgrimage to Mecca and the other religious sites in Saudi Arabia. expressed their appreciation and gratitude to King morning.

JORDAN VALLEY (J.T.) - Hussein and the Jordanian people their stay in Jordan.

> The pilgrims are expected to leave for the occupied territory via the Jordanian bridges Sunday

### JVA urged to allocate land for public services

ley Authority (JVA) has been provisions for the town. requested by the major of South Shuneh in the Jordan Valley to gardens as well as cemeteries and sports fields, according to the JVA Director Munther Haddadin.

SALT (Petra) - The Jordan Val- Saturday to discuss public service

At the meeting, the mayor.
Abdul Ilah Al 'Idwan, said that assign a number of sites for the the JVA has also been requested establishment of parks and public to move the present irrigation canais to another area so that the town's projects can be implemented. These would include

### He was speaking at a meeting the widening of the town's streets. held at the town of South Shuneh he said. A GROUND-FLOOR FURNISHED.

FLAT FOR RENT Consisting of three bedrooms, salon, dining room, veranda (7x2 m) with central heating end independent

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Please call tel: 842428.



Delegates to the conference on mental health Saturday listen to one of the opening sessions held here at the Yarmouk University Liaison Office (Petra

## Malhas urges development of mental health services

AMMAN (J.T.) — A five-day regional symposium on developing mental health programmes in the eastern Mediterranean region and the Middle East opened here Saturday.

along with representatives from the World Health Organisation (WHO), are taking part in the discussions which are being held at the Yarmouk University Liaison Office in Amman.

The agenda of the symposium aims to focus on developing mental health programmes over the next five years, expanding mental health care and primary health services and the rationalisation of the use of drugs.

Opening the first session. Hea-Ith Minister Zuhair Malhas sıressed the need for the provision of more mental health care. He outlined the health service programmes organised by his ministry over the past 30 years in general

Delegates from 15 nations, and plans for developing future mental health facilities in par-

> Also addressing the first session was Dr. Mohammad Kan'an, chairman of the committee that organised the symposium. He outlined in his address mental health treatment in Jordan since 1922 and the services offered to the mentally ill by hospitals and health clinics, and called for the further development of mental health

Dr. Taha Ba'shar, WHO's regional director of mental health. said in a speech that the symposium agenda focuses attention on the need to expand mental hea-Ith treatment based on primary health. He also urged the del-

eloping comprehensive mental health programmes in their own countries

The director of WHO's mental health department made a speech outlining the role of his organisation in developing mental health services and programmes in the region. He expressed the hope that the symposium will issue recommendations and resolutions that would help promote the provision of such services.

Taking part in the live-day meeting, which is sponsored by WHO cooperation with the Health Ministry, are delegates from Jordan, the United Arab Emtrates, North and South Yemen, Bahrain. Djibouti, Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, and Cyprus.

Also attending the lirst session was Minister of Education Sa'id Al Tal and several senior officials egates to work towards dev- of the Ministry of Health.

#### Government employees save JD 3m **NEWS IN BRIEF** Badran

#### Salt architectural style to be developed

SALT (Petra) — A team representing professors and students from the Engineering Faculty at the University of Jordan Saturday paid a field visit to Salt to familiarise themselves with its old architectural style and to choose a site for setting up an architectural project that will represent the distinctive architectural style of the city.

#### Development corporation draws up plan

AMMAN (Petra) - Amman Development Corporation has drawn up a working plan to establish shopping centres and car parks, a spokesman for the corporation said. He added that the plan also aims to develop services in Amman as well as building public gardens and recreational centres. Upon the approval of this plan, work will start on the implementation of the projects, he concluded.

#### Irbid housing details to be announced

IRBID (Petra) — The Housing Corporation will shortly announce conditions for the acquisition of housing units in the Irbid Housing project, the corporation's Director Hamdullah Nabulsi said here Saturday. He said that the units will be distributed to government employees in the Irbid Governorate. The project. which comains 392 housing units, will soon be completed and its overall cost is expected to be JD 3.5 million. Part of the housing units will go to teachers employed by the Ministry of Education in the governorate. Mr. Nabulsi added.

Cash flow seminar opens-

AMMAN (Petra) - A two-week seminar on liquidity and working capital began Saturday at the Jordanian Institute of Management. The seminar aims at briefing the 23 participants, who are drawn from a number of firms, on cash flow inventory and liability planning. The seminar will discuss the various techniques used in the management of working capital, cash. liquidity and budgeting.

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### welcomes new students

IRBID (J.T.) - Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran met Salurday the new students who have been admitted to the university's faculties for the 1983-84 academic year.

At the meeting, which marked the start of the academic year, Dr. Badran spoke about the university's plans and programmes for its various departments.

He touched on the boarding facilities which the university offers to its temale students and the sports and extracurricula activities, in addition to the health. social and postal services that are available.

A university spokesman said that the total number of new students this year will be 3.150, bringing the total number of Yarmouk University students up to

#### employees.

AMMAN (Peira) - The Jordanian Civil Service Consumer Corporation (JCSCC) last year saved government employees a total of JD 3 million by selling them consumer goods and foodstuffs at prices considerably below the local market rates, according to Mr. Nabil Abul Huda. the JCSCC director-general. He said that the savings are to be reg-arded as additional income for the

JCSCC makes available supplies of cothings, food and domestic articles at its various branches in 13 towns in the country. he said.

At present he added, JCSCC branches operate in Amman. Zarga. Irbid, Mafraq. Ajloun. Ramtha, North Shuneh, Salt, Jerash. Madaba, Tafileh. Karak,

Ma'an, and Aqaba. These branches employ 350 people and make just enough profit to cover their expenses and to secure their future expansion. Mr. Abul Huda

#### Exports to Arab states rise

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan's which imported vegetables and exports to Arab countries last year fruits, medicine, tiles, cigarettes. reached JD 123 million. registering an increase of eight per cent over the level of 1981 exporis, according to a bulletin issued by the Statistics Department.

It said that the major importers of Jordanian goods were Iraq. Saudi Arabia. Syria. and Kuwait last year, the bulletin said.

ready-made clothes, batteries, detergents and mineral water.

Exports to Arab countries constitute 66.5 per cent of the total Jordanian national exports, which reached a total of JD 180 million





## Jordan Times

Responsible Editor: MOHAMMAD AMAD

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MAHMOUD AE KAYED GEORGE S. HAWATMEH Advertising Manager-Senior Egitor: FERNANDO FRANCIS RAMI G. KHOURL

Editorial and advertising offices: fordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 666320, 666265 Telex: 21497 ALRAE 30 Telegram: JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays Subscription and advertising rates are divallable from the Jordan Times advertising department.

#### **GUEST EDITORIAL**

### Step by step backwards

SINCE 1967, when Israel occupied territories belonging to three of its neighbours, the United States has followed a piecameal policy of tackling one issue in the Middle East at a time and setting other equally important issues aside for future consideration. In the course of 16 years, therefore, while disengagement and withdrawal of Israeli forces from the Sinai has been achieved, the status of the West Bank, Gaza, and Golan Heights has been indefinitely put on hold. Overall American policy objectives in the region have been ambiguous and vaciliating.

The latest example of the piecemeal approach and its consequences has been the decision to let U.S. attention toward the occupied territories lapse almost completely while efforts are made to reach some sort of settlement in Lebanon. As diplomatic activity in Lebanon drags on endlessly, the United States allows the government of outgoing Prime Minister Menachem Begin to offer financial inducements to persuade Israelis to settle in the occupied territories and to "create facts" that appear difficult to reverse.

Undoubtedly. Israel relishes the benign neglect toward its activities in the occupied territories. The occupation of Lebanon has already provided Israel, at a cost of thousands of Lebanese and Palestinian civilian lives, almost 15 months to pursue its settlement activities unchecked. Just as surely, the recent State Department's observation that it would be "impractical" to dismantle existing settlements was for Israel a welcome reminder that if it is left alone long enough, the reality of the settlements it has positioned on the occupied territories will be far more vivid in the minds of succeeding administrations than the fact that stated U.S. policy has consistently opposed their establishment in the first place.

If a peace settlement that will be accepted by all parties is to be found, the United States must not continue a piecemeal approach. The tactic of attempting to solve (often without success) one problem at a time while all other issues are allowed to languish must be replaced by a comprehensive and cohesive strategy that makes America's Middle East policy - and goals - unmistakable to all parties. Otherwise even piecemeal solutions to specific problems in the Middle East will ultimately be steps backward in the search for peace. - Focus, the bulletin of the National Association of Arab Americans

#### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

#### Al Ra'i: Internal mediation a priority

1T LOOKS as though the prospects for a settlement in Lebanon have faltered and the mediators shurrling between Damascus and Beirut have not been able to clinch a ceasefire agreement. It also seems that the aspirations of the two parties to the conflict were very much bigger than the reality. As the fighting goes on, the foreign navies continue to cruise along the coast of Lebanon and victims continue to fall everywhere, pending the diplomatic efforts by parties which are not Lebancse.

The real reason behind the failure of the mediation efforts so far is that the initiative for peace and national dialogue did not emanate from within Lebanon, but came from outside. Moreover the diplomatic efforts were accompanied by different forms of intimidation. shelling by land and sea and air as well as psychological wartare. The Lebanese government itself should have taken the initiative and started serious efforts to end the conflict and establish peace in the country. It should not have allowed outside mediators to act as if their countries are primary protogonists in the conflict. The government and the opposition are the parties concerned with the future of Lebanon and therefore they all should cooperate and find the best means of ending the conflict. The government should act as an umbrella for all factions and should try to bring justice to all groups in order to ensure a stable Lebanon.

#### Al Dustour: Beware of Israel

AS WE watch the warring factions in Lebanon tentatively approaching the path of peace we warn all parties to beware of Israel and the other league of enemies who are working to perpetuate the fighting and undermining all efforts for a sendement. We support all efforts aimed at reaching a peaceful agreement and encourage all peace mediators to bring the warring factions to the conference table. We are for a united, independent Lebanon and strongly oppose the partitioning of the country. Reports about an impending agreement on a ceasefire is the first major step towards ending the bloodshed and establishing peace and security. The road to peace is through dialogue and the path of peace is the only alternative that can steer Lebanon towards stability.

The warring factions have apparently arrived at a conclusion that their guns cannot achieve the aspired peace and that any tendency by one party to dominate all other groups is bound to fail. This conclusion has obviously prompted both sides to seek a safer way to end

#### Sawt Al Shaab: Factions respond to mediation

THE SOUND of guns in Lebanon have not been able to obstruct mediation efforts between Damascus and Beirus. In fact the mediation efforts are about to bear fruit because the combatants and their allies all have reason to shorten the duration of the wat and end the conflict. The Falangists for their part do not want to continue fighting the opposition forces so as to avoid humiliation and defeat. The opposition parties do not want to go on fighting because they do not wish to risk a confrontation with the Western powers and so lose whatever gains they might have made so far. The Lebanese government does not want the war to continue because it wants to avoid being presented as one of the conflicting parties. Also the Americans, the French and other Western powers want to end the fighting for their own reasons. The U.S. wants to avoid internal trouble in the United States and the French want to safeguard their interests in the Arab World. Only Israel wants to perpetuate the fighting in Lebanon because it stands to gain by seeing Arabs killed without itself sustaining further casualties. We wish to see the mediation efforts succeed so that Lebanon can enjoy both peace and stability once again.

#### COME TO THINK OF IT

## What radicals?

THE WORLD has always been full of mad people. But for the world itself to go betserk is something else. Now we have evidence. For instance, if you want to be fully misinformed on the Lebanon, all you have to do is to read the Economist, which used to be reputable for facts.

In an article titled "Can the West Save Lebanon?" the magazine didn't bother to ask what Lebanon was to be saved from, but went ahead to provide an answer to its subtitle question by saying: "It might, if its soldiers were now reinforced, given air support and told they could fight." This is the main theme of the article. while the rest is elaboration.

The Americans were exhorted to follow in the steps of the French whose commander promptly threatened to bomb Druze positions in the Shouf mountains when a French colonel was killed on Sept. 7.

"It is odd," the Economist exclaimed. "that when American politicians are falling over themselves to call for a firm response to the Soviet Union over the Korean air ma sacre. some should be less enthusiastic for firmness to limit a war which could cost a jumbojet-fleet, worth of lives in the coming menths and encourage every radical in the Arab World to ride on Syria's bandwagen.'

I suppose that the Economists' concern is not eco-

nomy in lives, but rather the discouragement of Arab socalled radicals from taking heart from the Lebanese radical example. Should we not ask then why the Multinational Force was introduced into the Lebanon in the first place. Was it brought in with the express purpose of stamping out Lebanese radicalism? Or was it invited to fight off Syria? Or was the Multinational Force brought to inveigle the Soviet Union into a "limited" war which might become nuclear in order to prove the feasibility of

limited nuclear wars? As far as anyone can remember, the mission of the Multinational Force was to be humane and to dislodge the invading Israeli forces. The

Israelis, we were told, were resisting withdrawal for fear of being replaced by the Syrians and Palestinians. The rationale of the Multinational Force was that it would fill the vacuum until such a time when the Lebanese national army would be ready to take on the job.

Before anyone know it. the Lebanese army was built up quickly by the Americans under a factional political leadership to fight the other Leb-anese forces. The other Lebanese forces, it must be observed, represented a majority including Maronite, Druze, Shrite, Sunni and Orthodox factions of the Lebanese peo-

It must be observed also that

the majority of the Lebanese people refuse the sectarian label, which found expression in their grouping under the broad-based National Salvation Front (NSF). But the Lebanese government keeps driving the sectarian point on and refused to talk with the NSF before subduing it by the force of arms first. This is understandable; because once the government starts talking with the representatives of the majority, the illusion of its being fully representative of the Leb-

What is not understandable is why the Multinational Force should back a minority government. The Economist and others, it seems, would have the Multinationals save Leb-

anese people would fall.

anon from itself! This is, of course, ludicrous. The Israelis have not been dislodged from the Lebanon. The Lebanese national army would be a better army if it saved itself for defending Lebanon against foreign invaders, and not to fight the people while the inv-aders are intrenched in the country.

The Multinational Force would better be reminded of their original neutral role. They had better stick to it or get out. Otherwise, no one can believe that they came to Leb-anon for help. Radicals or not. this is none of the West's business. It is not its business to label Arab patriots as radicals and try to eradicate them.

### Why Americans should see Vietnamese ghosts in Lebanon

By Anthony Lewis

As the Reagan administration slips this country deeper and deeper into the fighting in Lebanon. anyone who wonders whether there are dangers in that process ought to have a look at an important new book. It is "Vietnam: A History." by Stanley Karnow, Even those of us who think we

know something about it will read with fascination and horror Mr. Karnow's graphic account of how the United States involved itself in that disaster. Successive administrations took military steps to deal with political problems in a society that they did not begin to understand. And they took the steps gradually, surreptitiously. assuring us all the while that nothing was really changing.

Might we be heading for another Vietnam in Lebanon? Involvement on such a scale seems unlikely. But there is every reason to fear self-inflicted wounds of a

WARDRUMS.

lesser but still significant kind, military and political. For the American military role in Lebanon is growing in that same incremental way, accompanied by deceit and

What political end does the administration hope to achieve by joining in the fighting in Lebanon? That is the big mystery in what is going on - and the danger. For if Ronald Reagan thinks he can straighten out the policies of Lebanon by the application of American force, he is in fantasyland.

The politics of Lebanon may be the most complicated and the ugliest on earth. Dozens of sects and parties and private armies work out their wrath upon each other. Syria with a historic interest in Lebanon, has always played a part. Each population group gets outside help where it can; without compunctions of ideology. Thus in modern times Syria has int-

Maronite Christians.

In Western logic, what Lebanon needs is for everyone to put aside his tribal instincts and join a national policy. But Western logic has never worked, and there is no national policy. The very issue today; the reason for the fierce sectarian warfare, is President Gemayer's failure to carry out his promise to create a government of all interests. The Druze, supported this ume by Syria, are fighting for what they see as survival: Protection from a secrarian Maronite gov-

The main influence in the Gemayel government is the Falange Party, whose militiamen carried out the Sabra and Shatila massacres a year ago. For the U.S. to appear as the protector of that government holds obvious risks for American interest.

The Marines cannot put tog-ether the politics of Lebanon indervened both for and against the eed, they cannot be expected to



have a clue to those Byzantine fiefdoms and alliances. If the United States is to play a leadership role. it must be in diplomacy; an attempt somehow to get a real negotiation going among the warring factions; and to get Syria's blessing for a precarious balance of

No doubt the Reagan administration would like a diplomatic solution but it has shown no skill or determination to that end. Its and then the minute some trouble cheif negotiator. Robert McFarlane, is a former Marine officer 'think that sends a gigantic meswith no experience in diplomacy sage around the world. and no knowledge whatever of

Lebanon and Vietnam: Is the

comparison too fantastic? Consider this quotation:

When America sends its forces to perform a legitimate mission. asked for by the legitimate goverament involved, and it does so occurs we turo tail and beat it. I

Lyndon Johnson in 1965? No. George Shultz on Sept. 21, 1983. - New York Times

### The general who silenced a people, personified infamy

against the odds, has survived his first decade. Last Sunday marked the tenth anniversary of the swift and brutal coup that overthrew the constitutional government of Salvador Allende. Yet unlike some Latin American dictators. in historical fact and embroidered fiction, for whom a decade is a mere milestone in their long careers, General Pinochet bas now been shown the writing on the wall. His bleak regime is slowly crumbling. He will not survive to celebrate a second decade. Indeed, given the current tensions in Santiago, he will be lucky to last another year.

In the annals of Latin America,

there is nothing peculiarly dreadful about Pinochet. He is almost a familiar figure, a blinkered soldier imbued with archaic values pursuing his higher destiny with weapons of contemporary ferocity. Yet for most of the world he bas come to personify the par-ticular evils of the United States' informal empire. His name is synonymous with infamy. Pinochet's Chile conjures up an image of a country where fierce and prolonged repression bas imposed the silence of the grave. But it is not an isolated example. Up and down South and Central America, to a greater or lesser extent, local Pinocbets impose their will on a terrorised population. Yet only Chile

bas captured the imagination of the world. The reason is partly historical. For nearly 20 years Chile has been a hothouse of political invention and experiment. It has been forced to adopt many different roles. playing always to an international audience. First there was Eduardo Frei and the so-called "revolution in liberty" in which Christian Democracy made its brief bow on the Latin American stage - a strategy designed to encourage a small middle class to steer a middle way between feudal reaction and socialist revolution. Then came Salvador Allende and "the Chilean road to socialism" — an attempt to allow a small working class to push through major reforms with an insufficient control pioneer of "the social market economy," imposing Friedmanite to guarantee economic recovery. I notions of economic liberty in an

PRESIDENT Pinochet, rather atmosphere of totalitarian repression. Chile, it seems in retrospect, has been obliged to fasten onto every trend available, and through bitter experience has found them all unsuitable for its own use.

But there are other dimensions to the Chilean story. The dramanc and tragic nature of the coup of September 1973 caught outside attention in a way which few comparable events in Latin America bave done before or since. The story of the Allende years has now passed from the hands of partisan participants into those of historians, but it still retains an beroic aspect, an attempt - despite mistakes and failures - to develop a fairer, more independent, society in the teeth of fierce internal restraints and without benefit of friendly neighbours.

An important element in President Allende's downfall - to what degree will long be a matter of debate - was the involvement of the United States and the baleful influence of Henry Kissinger. an intervention that brought the word "destabilisation" into common political parlance. In the short run, Pinochet's coup conveniently removed a source of irritation to the United States. Allende's Chile was a magnet for all those who believed that Latin America should be independent of Washington.

But in the long run, the gain has not been so obvious. The cynical undermining of Chilean democracy - flawed though it may have been - only served to encourage revolutionaries who had long argued that victory at the ballot box was not in itself a sufficient hase from which to organise socialist reform. And the diaspora of Chilean exiles, particularly in Western Europe, has been of considerable historical importance, helping to create an informed public opinion in Europe that now has .. a rather different view of events in Latin America from the sterectype promulgated in the United States. When spokesmen in Washington talk of promoting democracy in Honduras and El Salvador, and lecture the Sandinistas on the need to bold elections, their words are mocked by the spectre of Salvador Allende. - The Guardian

## Spanish Socialists under left, right fire

By Brian Mooney

MADRID — Spain's Socialist government, which appeared almost unshakeable when it took power with a four-year mandate following a landslide election victory last October, has begun to look just a little vulnerable.

Two potentially damaging cracks have emerged in less than a week with a disgruntled army general openly defying the government and trade unions threatening nationwide strikes.

At the same time. Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez submined himself to a bruising three-day debate in parliament in which his administration came under concerted fire from opponents of both the left and the right.

But despite the tone of the attacks, parliament was the 41year-old prime minister's least concern. His Socialist Workers' Party (PSOE) commands an absolute majority in Congress (lower house) with 202 of the 350 seats.

More troubling was the pressure outside parliament — from sectors of the armed forces still apparently unreconciled to Spain's new democracy and from workers not willing to go along with the Socialists' austerity mea-

Political sources said both developments were a jolt to the govemment which was just congratulating itself on achieving an initial success in turning the tide of economic recession.

Discontent in the barracks. which came to light with the publication of a magazine interview with a senior army general who was critical of the government. raised yet again the spectre of a military coup in Spain.

Most Spaniards had put such thoughts out of their minds since the Socialists took office in December and embarked on a course of moderate reform in the style of social democrats.

But the picture changed with a recent campaign for clemency for officers jailed for their part in a spectacular but abortive coup in February 1981 that culminated in the interview given by the commander of the Valladolid military region. Lt. Gen. Fernando Soteras Casamayor.

Gen. Soteras said a majority of fellow officers wanted the coup ploners freed and also described a hypothetical case in which he said the armed forces would be justified in seizing power. Mr. Gonzalez reacted by sac-

king Gen. Soteras. And he sounded a warning in parliament against military meddling in politics. His warning was ecboed by Spain's most influential newspaper, El Pais, which said that his government should not underestimate the threat from the military. The news magazine Tiempo talked of fears of a coup and another magazine." Cambio 16, dev-

the generals." Jixters over the military derive in part from the role of the Spanish Armed Forces in recent history, in particular during the 1936-39 civil

oted its cover story to the "ire of

The war was fought and won as a crusade against the left and resulted in nearly 40 years of right-wing dictatorship under Gen. Francisco Franco who died in 1975.

Many of the senior army generals serving today are Gen. Franco veterans, including Gen. Soteras and the man chosen to replace him. Let. Gen. Ricardo Rivas

They remain at their posts because the government is apparently powerless or unwilling to break the rigid promotion system inh-

Plans to reduce the number of military regions; another anomalous hangover from the past which also ensures that major cities have military as well as civilian goveroors. have also still to be implemented.

erited from the Franco era.

The generals, meanwhile, have expressed anger at the frequency with which Basque and other separatist groups have burned the Spanish flag, strongly suggesting that the government symbol of national unity and its reality.

The army sees itself as the ultimate guardian of national unity in

Political sources said they bad noted that a number of recent speeches by generals emphasised the loyalty of the armed forces to the constitution rather than the gov-

Article eight of the constitution states that the mission of the armed forces is to defend Spain's territorial integrity and constitutional order, and fears have been voiced that it could be invoked to justify an army takeover. "I would not be surprised if

some element of the army tries to launch another coup." Xavier Arzallus president of the Basque National Party (PNV), com-

The government insists, however, that there is no danger of an army rebellion. It dismisses claims that Spain's young democracy is being held hostage by the military.

But the government did face what amounted to open factory rebellion when workers at a state-owned steel mill in the eastero port of Sagunto defied orders to leave their jobs.

Management sacked or suspended the 160 men involved when they continued production of rail tracks and construction girders after a decision had been taken to close down their section of the Altos Hornos Del Med-

The closure was part of a major overbaul of industry aimed at streamlining the state sector before Spain enters the European Community at a target date of 1986. More than balf the 4,000 wor-

kers at Sagunto are expected to lose their jobs under the reorganisation which the Socialist government insists is essential if Spain's state industry is to be modernised and made com-The tough response to the wor-

kers' defiance, relayed through

the state holding company INI which operates the plant, stressed the importance the government attached to the reform. INI followed up the notices of dismissal with a threat to close down the entire plant if the illegal

work-in continued. But the government was confronted with equally awesome threats. The Communist-led Workers' Commissions Trade Union Movement said it would call strikes throughout Spain unless the dismissal orders were wit-

Both sides later reached a comprimise but the incident left a scar. It marked the first time that the trade unions had flexed their muscle since the Socialists came to power and was seen as a reminder to the government that it would of the levers of power. Finally have to tread more carefully in there has been Augusto Pinochet. implementing the unpopular economic measures it says are needed

## West Bank Palestinians oppressed under Israeli occupation

By Elizabeth Thompson

For the past one year news coverage of the Palestinian situation has focused on Lebanon, Syria, and on Yasser Arafat as he has crisscrossed the globe in negotiations. With the future of the Palestinian Liberation Organisation more uncertain than ever before, how does the future look to young Palestinians living in the Israeli-occupied territories? On a recent trip to the West Bank the author had the opportunity to talk at length with two young "homefront" Palestinians about their lives and their hopes for the future.

in their mid-twenties - too young to remember the pre-1948 Palestine their fathers knew, but old enough to think of the West Bank before the Israelis occupied it in 1967. They have grown up with violence and uncertainty. Both have had trouble finding decent jobs; their families have been scattered throughout the Middle East and the United States.

Neither of them is active politically, but both insist that an independent Palestinian state must be established.

These are their similarities, but Jamal and Adnan have grown up in very different environments that have coloured their outlook on the future. Jamal lives in the

CAIRO - Jamal And Adnan are relatively prosperous and cosmopolitan East Jerusalem. Adnan in the poorer, violence-ridden Arab town of Hebron (Al Khalil). 20 miles to the south. I talked with each of them as they showed me around their neighbourhoods.

Most evenings Jamal climbs the Mount of Olives to his favourite perch, from where he can look down on old Jerusalem as the white stone buildings turn rose. then pale blue, at sunset. The muezzins' call to evening prayer add yet another poetic touch to a eemingly tranquil scene.

Jamal leads a fairly stable life. working as a guard outside the Al Aqsa mosque (Dome of the Rock) in the morning, playing soccer with one of Jerusalem's top clubs

city. He speaks Hebrew. Though suing a career. he does not pain to play professionally, Jamal's life centres on soccer these days, "Tomorrow we have a big game with the YMCA team--50.000 people will be there - and everyone knows me."

Though Jamal spends most of his time in the Arab section of the city, he does not hesitate to cross over to West Jerusalem when he has reason to. As a rule, Arabs and Jews keep to their own sides of the city, ride their own buses. But many Israeli Jews I met seemed fascinated by the "other" side of town, and would occasionally go to restaurants there, though most still seem afraid of possible vio-

East Jerusalem has changed a bit since 1967 and business has grown, because of tourism. But as Jamal speaks he reveals a

deep, persistent frustracion with his life. He feels he will always be on the margin of Israeli society --

evening. At night he often meets that he wisbes his people had such his friends at a "rock & roll" cafe a mainstream. He is well eduin the Muslim quarter of the old cated, but feels blocked in pur-

> And beneath the "live and let live" truce between the two halves of the city tension continues to smolder - and occasionally flares, though newspapers in the past year or so seem to have reported fewer "incidents" than in the past.

> The Haram Al Sherif area where Jamal works is particularly volatile. A sign at the entrance warns Jews that the Rabinate forbids them to enter. All visitors are searched before entering - just last winter gunmen entered the sacred area and opened fire on the visitors.

> Suspicion of Arabs continues to run high; Arab cars are stopped and houses are searched for evidence of PLO connections. "It they find even a piece of paper with a name on it." Jamal explains "you're in trouble".

Adnan works every day taking

cool reception from the passengers until they learned that we are Americans. "We thought you were Israelis and were wondering what you thought you were doing

> head for his home for tea. He lives with o or 7 brothers and sisters in a house that looks over the lush rolling hills that surround Hebron. One look at the landscape tells you why this area has been fought over continuously for thousands of years.

on our bus." Adnan explains as we

Two photographs hang on the otherwise bare livingroom walls: One of Adnan's father taken when he was serving in the British Army the now sells grapes to Ruwait). and the other of Gamal Abdel Nasser.

Two of Adnan's brothers are working in Jordan and come home only for holidays. One of his older sisters is married and living in Saudi Arabia. Another sister is living in the United States Because she has lived outside the West Bank for more than three years. she lost her "Palestinian status" which means that she can visit only as a tourist.

Every member of the family feels the frustration of living in occupied territory. Adnan's closest brother can't find regular work, so earns money by renting out an old truck he has repaired to local farmers. His sister is enrolled in Hehron University, hut has been home for two months because the university has shut down due to student-faculty dis-

We ride into the town in the old truck and head for the Tomb of the Patriarchs, an ancient monument that towers over the town, marking the site where Abraham. Isaac and Jacob are buried. It is one of the few monuments in Palestine which both Jews and Muslims visit. Adnan takes great pride in reading the Arabic praises to Abraham that line the walls of the mosque inside. Astonished Israeli guards stare at our unusual group. wondering what those Americans are doing with those local "ruf-

Down below, the old souk winds through the centre of the town, apparently unchanged for hundreds of years with its covered streets, old men in traditional dress, pots and pans stalls and pas-

try shops. Towering over the very centre of the souk is a very different sort of landmark - a house with an Israeli flag flying on top of it. equi-ipped with searchlights and a gua-

"They deliberately irritate us," Adnan says, "They bring a Jewish family and put them right in the middle of an Arab area. All this space - why right in the middle?"

The house is inhabited by Moshe Levinger, leader of the Gush Emunim movement. He moved to Hebron from the Sinai. where he had organised resistance to Israeli withdrawal. Six other families live in trailers next to Levinger's house, waiting until they can build new housing for themselves. The Gush Emunim is a radical right-wing religious organisation which has set up many settlements in the occupied West Bank, with the tacit support and protection - of Begin's governmeni.

Nonetheless, much violence and bloodshed have resulted from the often forceful methods settlers have used to establish over 1101 settlements in the West Bank since 1967.

Adnan looks up at the soldiers and remarks: "Many Palestinians say the casualties are caused by the settlers themselves - the police and army shoot at the feet or in the air."

The vinlence has continued. Children have begun to mimic their elders: "Those shops you see that are closed." Adnan points to several in the souk. "happen to be owned by people whose children have been identified as those who threw stones at army personnel."

Not long after I visited Hebron a Jewish seminary student was stabbed to death - Jews from sur- Post editorial shows concern rounding settlements set fire to about the "vigilante" type viothe central market that night. In an even more ominous move, the but reveals that the Israelis thegovernment removed the town's Palestinian mayor and city council, leaving Bethlehem as the only West Bank town ruled by Palestinians themselves.

Adnan shrugs his shoulders grimly when I ask what will the future be like. "Aralat must do something." he says. "this is our land, this is our home". Jamal shares Adnan's disillusionment; "The PLO is all split up into little factions, everyone has their favourite leader - what can they do without

Recent surveys show that 80 per cent of the Patestinians in occupied areas want an independent state. Shoul the PLO split and lose its influence, what sort of tuture will young people like Jamal and Adnan face? (47 per cent of the West Bank's population is under 14 years of age.) It will not be casy, especially for the poor and uneducated, to leave. Nor may it be desirable.

Many Israelis are quite aware of the night-marish situation their government's policies are creating. A May 13, 1983 Jerusalem lence of the West Bank settlers, mselves do not have a solution: Its description of the lawlessness of the West Bank reminds one of a pariticularly hrutal American Western: "They title settlers) shoot to kill in what they claim is self-defence, and they take revenge on Arab stone-throwers by vandalising Arab property. They seem to feel that their chances of being caught, let alone penalised.

are slim. They are right, too."
If the PLO fails the alternatives for the future seem grim: Will the violence continue as it has for decades, even centuries, in treland? Or will the native population be driven out or massacred, or herded into reservations, as in the 19th century American west? -Arab News Jeddah

### **Defending our consumers**

By Fakhri Kawar

The other day I met with an old friend, who is a judge at Amman Municipality Court, In the course of our conversation. referred to an article he wrote in the local press a year ago in which he suggested the formation of a Jordanian society for the protection of con-

In that article Judge Zu'eiter strongly advocated the need for defending consumers against merchats' manipulation. Such a society, he maintained, should serve as a liaison between the consumers and the public officials who receive consumers complaints and try to reach a compromise satisfactory to both parties to a dispute.

It is really a nice idea, and Judge Zu'eiter admits h was imported from across the Atlantic. Nevertheless, it has noble aims as long as it seeks to bring justice for the ordinary

The citizen is a human being

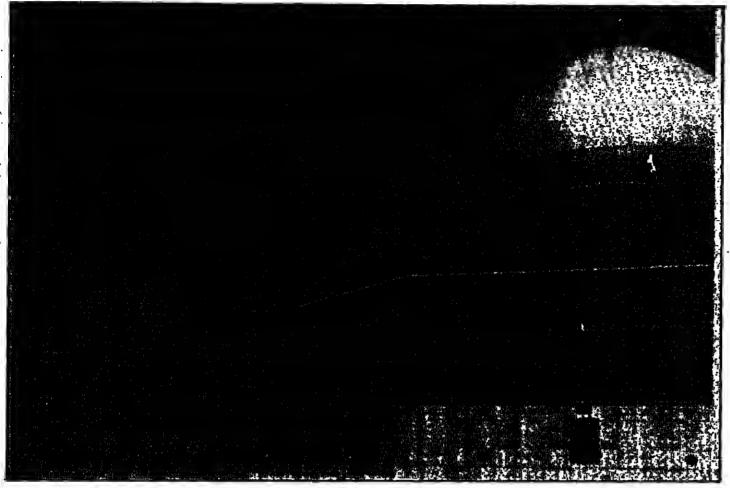
who needs someone to defend him and protect his rights against any infringements whether these rights were moral, matcrial or otherwise. Our citizens somethimes complain to the municipality about the narrow pavements of the streets which are made worse by street vendors selling smuggled goods or a variety of petty things.

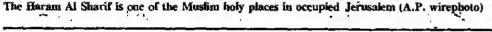
They sometimes complain about a disruption of water supplies or about other matters. The municipality does not listen to the complaint and does not do anything. The mayor sometimes replies to complaints through the call-in radio programme lo "refule" the allegations of the citizen and to stress that the grievance or complaint is bas-

Citizens with complaints sometimes resort to the press. to the call-in radio programme to neighbours and acouaintances to present their cases, but to no avail. All because the public official in charge regards the complaint as an attempt to slander him of to throw suspicion or the mayor in favour of his opponent who seeks the post in the next election.

Citizens with complaints try hard to defend their own rights and willingly or reluctantly they perform their duty by the book, but do not get their rights which are often encroached upon. Citizens' rights are not confined to public services but go beyond that to include necessities for the human dignity and well-being.

Therefore, I am inclined to give priority to the establishment of a society for the defence of human rights rather than for the protection of consumers as Judge Zu eiter had proposed nor a society for the protection of animals or movie goers or pedestrians in Amman







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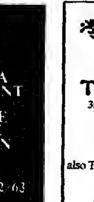
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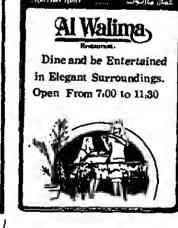






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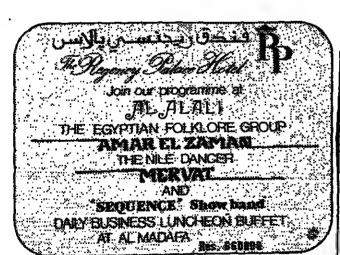




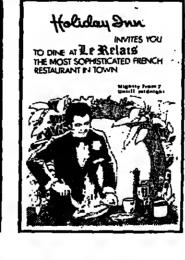
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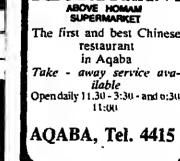


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## **SPORTS**

#### **JORDAN VALLEY AUTHORITY** INVITATION FOR PREQUALIFICATION OF **TENDERERS**

Applications are invited for the prequalification of tenders for manufacturing, supply and construction of two Micro-Hydro-Electric-Power Plants and a pumping station at North Shouneh Area.

A- The first project is to construct Hydro-Electric Power Plant at Adasiya to generate power of one Megawatt from water head available from Mukheiba Canal. The tender of this project shall include: Design, manufacturing, supply, installation and all pertaining civil works of the Hydro-Electric Power Plant.

B- The second project is to construct a pumping station with a capacity of 1.5 cu.m/sec. and a Hydro-Electric Power Plant to generate 0.3 Megawatt at North Shouneh. The tender for this project shall include: Manufacturing, supply, installation and all related civil works for the pumping station and the Hydro-Electric Power Plant.

The submitted prequalification documents shall include detailed experience of the company in the field of design, manufacturing and installation of hydro-electric plants and pumping stations along with all pertaining civil works.

Application may be submitted by individual companies and by joint ventures. In cases of ioint ventures, the applications for prequalification are to be submitted by the sponsor and shall give detailed information about the members of the joint venture.

Application for prequalification will be received until Oct. 20th 1983. The present schedule is to make the tender documents available to prequalified contractors on Nov. 30th 1983, to arrange for a site visit by tenderers 30 days later, to open the tenders Jan. 31st 1984 and to award the contract April 30th 1984.

The prequalification documents are to be sent to :-

The President **Jordan Valley Authority** Amman P.O. Box 1970

> Dr. Munther Haddadin President

### United breath fresh life into English first division

division soccer clubs breathed a sent off. collective sigh of relief on Saturday when Manchester United did everyone a favour by ending Liverpool's unbeaten record with a 1-0 win at Old Trafford.

Despite this setback, Liverpool will remain odds-on favourites to lift the championship for the seventh time in nine years, but at least United have proved the Merseyside giants are only human

Liverpool have a habit of turning the first division into a onehorse race by Christmas but United look more than capable of chasing them all the way this time.

United's victory, courtesy of a 51st minute Frank Stapleton goal. took them into second place with 15 points from seven games, three points behind leaders West Ham - who beat Notts County 3-0 and one point ahead of Liverpool and Southampton.

Southampton, the only other previously undefeated team, went down 1-0 to 1982 European Cup Winners Aston Villa and suffered further indignity when veteran

LONDON (R) - England's first striker Frank Worthington was

Although it was Irish international Stapleton who got his name on the scoreline, the Manchester United hero was former Scotland winger Arthur Graham. snapped up for a bargain £40,000 (560,000) from second division Leeds in the summer.

Graham was a continual torment to Liverpool fullback Phil Neal and it was from one of his enticing crosses that Stapleton rose above the Liverpool defence to head powerfully past Zim-babwean goalkeeper Bruce Grobbelaar.

Trevor Brooking sent England manager Bobby Robson a gentle reminder that the passing years have not diminished his skills with a superb display for West Ham.

The elegant Brooking, 10 days short of his 35th birthday, has not donned an international shirt since he came on as substitute against Spain in the World Cup last summer. But he showed all the midfield skills England so sadly lacked against Denmark in mid-

He scored the opener in the 32nd minute when he found Steve Walford with an exquisite pass. ran 20 metres to collect the return. rounded a defender and tucked the ball neatly past County goalkeeper Jim McDonagh.

Brooking turned architect in the 60th minute when another of his pinpoint passes left striker Paul Goodard the easiest of chances from close in.

West Ham took the tally to three in the last minute when Scottish international fullback Ray Stewart converted a penalty. Another player neglected by

Robson recently, Glenn Hoddle. was the mastermind behind Tottenham's 3-2 win at Watford. Hoddle, who did not even win a

seat on the substitute's bench against Denmark, highlighted a magnificent all-round display with a typical long-range goal which earned him a standing ovation from both sets of fans.

lpswich, who started the day in second place with 13 points, lost ground when they were beaten 4-3 at home by West Bromwich in an action-packed 90 minutes.

Bridge Championships opens on Sunday and the 10 teams contesting the 26th Bermuda Bowl will play in sealed rooms with table screens separating partners to avoid suggestions of unfair pra-

After zonal playoffs. France, Italy and Sweden won the right to represent Europe Pakistan. Brazil, Indonesia, Jamaica and New Zealand participate as winners of their elimination rounds.

Completing the field are holders United States, with two teams. Under a controversial new formula France and the favourite U.S.'A' team are seeded direct to the semifinals. The other eight play a week-long series for the remaining two semifinal berths.

> Some judges consider that going in cold to the semifinals will be to the disadvantage of France and U.S. 'A'. But for this the two teams would be favourites to reach the final, with the U.S. top team more likely to prevail.

France holds the best record in world bridge with three major titles. Italy is expected to stage a come-back, spearheaded by Gio-

### World bridge contest starts in Stockholm

STOCKHOLM (R) — The World rgio Belladonna and Benito Gar- other, silent bidding, and each ozzo of Rome, the world's two top players. Italy has won the Bermuda Bowl more times than any other

> Security precautions to avoid innuendos of unfair practices will be inforced, with table screens to prevent partners seeing each

years ago - fielding the team that reached that final and led until halfway.

match played in a separate, scaled

Pakistan, relative newcomers to

the world bridge scene. is trying to

repeat a highly successful debut in

the latest Bermuda Bowl two

### **Amman Little League** Results for Friday 23 September

Red D Juniors Abaha 0

Tots

Intercon t) International Traders () American Express 3

Mids AlK 1 Al Ahlyah 2

Astra (i Grindlays U

Seniors Cairo Amman Bank () Chase Manhattan (1

Holiday Inn 5 Marriott 3

Ericsson ()

Telcom !!

Foxboro U

ALICO U

Volvo 2

Arab Wings 1

Jordan Express 5

Royal Falcons 1

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The courses will start on Monday 3/10/1943

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### Volvo to maintain low car production

STOCKHOL M (R: - Despite e recent jump in sales, Volvo, the giant of Swedish industry, does not plan to increase production of its best-selling cars for lear of being saddled with excess capacity if demand falls again.

We will not go up to peak production to meet peak demand because we had rather be healthy once demand starts going down again." Volvo Chairman Per Gyllenhammar said at a meeting with

In a speech punctuated by frequent warnings that demand for cars could soon drop, he said it was possible that Swedish exporters could face a very cold climate six months from now.

vir. Gyllenhammar said Volvo would continue to invest in its energy subsidiaries, concentrating on oil and gas exploration.

He said one reason why Yolvo had diversified so much over the last decade was that it was aware that the car market was extremely cyclical. "Our luck could chenge." he said.

Car sales jumped 51 per cent in cash terms in the first half of 1983 and eccounted for about one-third of the group's turnover of 49,4 billion crowns (\$6.3 billion), according to Volvo's interim report. The car division's performance was particularly helped by the strong dollar because of a surge in demand for Volvo's most expensive models in the United States, according to previously published

company figures. The group delivered 183,000 cars during the first six months compared with 161,000 in the same 1982 period.

vir. Gyllenhammar, who described his car division as the star performer of the group, seid Volvo would aim for maximum capacity milisation of its plants but would not increase its workforce from some 75,000 at present to meet higher demand.

"We do not want to be stuck with idle capacity and be forced into layrills, which we may face anyway because of cycles one cannot inresee." he said.

str. Gyllenham nar said fast October's In per cent Swedish decaluation added several hundred million crowns to the company's first halt profits of 2.41 billion crowns.

But a strong dollar meant a weak German mark and this made things more difficult for Volvo in Europe, where West German carmarkers are the company's most teared competitors, he said,

"Swedish competitive strength has been increased because of the devaluation, but the danger is that this produces short-term euphoria," slr. Gyllenham.nar said.

### Offers swamp banks to buy B.P. shares

LONDON (R. Investors swamped banks with others to buy govemment shares in British Petroleum [B.P.) Friday forcing the sale to close heavily oversubscribed 60 seconds after it began.

The Bank of England, the government's agent in the sale, said the final price and the basis of allocation would be announced on Mon-

Stock murket sources said there might be six times as many offers as shares. Some suggested that the sale could raise as much as £560 nillion (\$44) million), more than £30 million (\$45 million) above the amount expected.

The government put 130 million ordinary shares out for tender on Finday as part of its fight to control inflation and sustain economic

The sale, underwritten by the major financial institutions at a minimum price of 405 pence, will cut the government stake in B.P. Imm 39 to 32 per cent.

It is the second time the Conservative government has raised money by selling shares in B.P., one of the world's biggest oil companies and a major producer of Britain's North Sea oil.

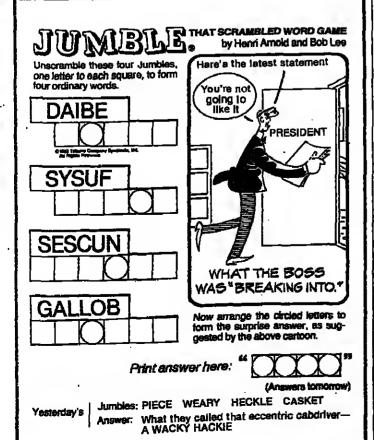
Brokers said on Friday that investors were likely to be encouraged

by B.P.'s plans to drill for oil in China and Alaska.

The sale follows the inauguration last week by B.P. of the Magnus tield, which it described as the last of the giant oil fields off Britain. In Stockholm, Sweden's leading permit retailer said Friday it planned to take a one per cent stake in B.P.'s North Sea Forties oil field. The consumer cooperative O.K., which had 1982 sales of 7.37

billion crowns (5940 million a said the move was eimed et securing its oil deliveries for 1tt years.





## *U.S.*, World set for clash

WASHINGTON (R. -- The stage is set for a clash between the United States and the Third World over the complex issues of assistance for the International Monetary Fund (1 MF) and other intemational lending activities.

The so-called group to 24 developing country ministers, conterring Sunday in the run up to next week's annual meeting of the INF and World Bank, are expected to be highly critical of the U.S. role.

Treasury Secretary Donald Regan has warned that Congress is not in a generous mond for international lending these days and that this attende is likely to per-

str. Regan told reporters he thought the Congress would eventually pass legislation appmpriating the U.S. share of a quota, or increase, in country commitments but admitted it was in imuble.

"I think they will come through." he said, but added it was unlikely the bill would be considered until mid-October.

The legislation calls for Congress in appropriate 58,4 billion. the U.S. share of an approved increase in fund quotas along with an enlargement of General Arrangements to Bornow (GAB., a pool of emergency funds put up by industrial countries.

The delay has in turn led other 1 MF donor countries to stall on their contributions until Congress makes up its mind.

But Mr. Regan's state nents. which are sure to anger representatives from the poorer countries, appeared to go beyond the matter of the quota increase. vir. Regan's remarks came at

a time when preliminary negotiations are under way among donor countries for an increase in the funds for the International Development Association HDA: the soft-loan arm of the World

Meanwhile. United States consumer prices rose (1,4 per cem in August, the Labour Department reported Thursday, bringing inflation to a modest 2.n per cent for the past year.

vieny economic forecasters believe inflation will pick up slightly in the months ahead but the infletion rete for 1983 should stay in the moderate four-to-five per cent range. Since the start of the year. prices paid by consumers rose at an ennual rate of 3,4 per cent compared with 3.9 per cent in

I'VE DECIDED WHAT

YOUR PROBLEM IS, SIR

**Peanuts** 

## Belgians end strike

BRUSSELS (R) - Fransport and from Ostende to Britain resumed. other key public services in Belgium slowly returned to normal Saturday as state sector workers ended a strike against the government's economic austerity measures.

Buses and trams were on the streets for the first time in nine days and political commentators said the unions had extracted lew concessions in their bruising confrontation with the centre-right government.

l'rain drivers restored links with France, Switzerland and the Netherlands. Workers began to load and unload a huge backlog of ships at Aniwerp and ferry services

Political commentators said the pay and the benefit cuts that caused the strike remained largely intact. Only about four million of

ings next year had been restored. Deputy Prime Minister Charles Feminand Notholm reaffirmed the government's determination to cut its huge budget deticit, but promised continued cooperation

about 175 million in planned sav-

The strike collapsed Friday night after the powerful Socialist Union Federation voted to join Christian and Liberal unions in accepting the government's terms. The federation rejected calls

from militants for a general walk-out next week but warned: "This decision is only a truce while we gather tresh weapons against the attacks of the government."

Union and government leaders are due to meet on Alonday to discuss economic policy. The unions have promised further national disruption if the negotiations fail.

Government officials reported that transport services were more or less back to normal, except in parts of the traditionally militant heavy industry areas of the south.

However, the country will have to wait until slonday before workers begin clearing the piles of stinking rubbish littering city streets.

### Spain's 1984 budget holds down public sector wages

with the unions.

MADRIDIR. Spain's Socialist government, facing growing labour opposition to its economic policies, I riday announced plans to hold public sector wages below the inflation level next year.

Presenting the details of his 1984 budger, Economy Minister diguel Boyer also proposed a slight rise in maximum average income tax, stepping up the light against tax fraud and maintaining corporate income tax at current

Public sector wage rises are to be kept to 6.5 per cent next year. well below a torecast eight per cent inflation rate, he said. vir. Boyer said the principal

aims of the budget, which now goes to parliament for debate. were to encourage investment in the public sector and the creation

The ruling Socialists made an election promise last year to creare support new jobs. Spain's registered uncorployment in July stood at 2.16 million, or 16.5 per cent of the active population.

the 8.536 hillion pesera 1857 billion, 1484 budget compared with a 1983 budger of 7,315 billion 1848.7 billion .. The planned 1984 budget del-

ien is f.331 billion pesetas (\$8.9) billion.. This is above the 1.1101 billion 187.3 billion, delicit of this year's budget but represents a fall Product (GDP) from six per cent เท 1483.

that it the deficit; must be reduced .... otherwise the financing of the non-public sector would be end and improve the admseriously threatened." Mr. Boyer inistration of tax collection.

The budget was announced soon after industry officials narrowly averted confrontation with steelworkers protesting against government plans to overhaul top-heavy industries.

danagement and workers at the state-owned Sagunto plant reached a compromise solution to head off a nutional steel strike after workers were threatened with sanctions.

The maximum average income tax would rise to 46 per cent from to 5.5 per cent of Gross Domestic 45 per cent in this year's budget. vir. Boyer said.

He added the budget loresaw "In the current circumstances of increased taxes but added the incthe Spanish economy, it is clear rease would largely be the result of renewed efforts to step itp the light against tax traud and to ext-

### Siberia-West Europe pipeline can deliver gas as contracted

MOSCOW (R. -- Less than half be built within the next livethe compressor stations on the Siberian-West Europe gas pineline have been built but the line is capable of delivering as contracted, the Soviet minister for oil industry construction said Friday.

vir. Boris Scherbina told a press conference that 17 of the 40 compressor stations would be finished this year and the remainder in

He said gas had already been pumped the length of the Soviet stage of the pipeline from Urengoi gas fields in Siberia to Uzhgorod on the Czechoslovak border using compressors built for a parallel domestic pipeline.

OH, GREAT! JOE

PSYCHIATRIST IS GOING

TO TELL ME EVERYTHING!

Mr. Sheherbina said the line was already capable of delivering nine billion cubic merres of gas whereas the contracts for deliveries to West Germany. France and other Western European customers called for only five billion in 1984. He said a second gas pipeline from Siberia to Uzhgorod would

year-plan, which runs until 1990. despite fluctuations in price and demand for gas.

that the Soviet Union would be from last year's 500 billion to able to hold Western Europe to reach near 640 billion cubic metransom by threatening to cut sup- res by 1985. "The gas will only represent 4.5

per cent of these countries' energy needs. Anyway, we always fulfil our contracts." he said. vir. Sheherbina said the litting

of the U.S. ban on sales of pipeline-related equipment to the Soviet Union did not mean there would be a rush of orders for American equipment. He said much had been replaced from Japan or by Soviet production. Meanwhile, the Soviet Union is

stepping up offorts to tap its huge natural gas reserves and aims to boost production by more than 25 per cent by 1985, the Soviet gas industry's chief technical engineer said Friday in New Delhi.

IF THAT'S YOUR ATTITUDE

SIR, THEN I'M NOT

GOING TO HELP YOU.

congress of the World Energy Conference (WEC) that gas production would rise an average 35 He dismissed U.S. allegations to 40 billion cubic metres a year

The Soviet Union has about 40 per cent of the world's proved recoverable reserves of raw natural gas, around sound cubic kilomerres, according to a WEC sur-

This is more than tive times larger than the reserves of the United States which had been the world's leading producer until recently with annual output at 530 billion cubic metres.

The Soviet Union has already found onto gas, gas-condensate and gas-oil fields, vir. Volsky said. adding that turther exploration eftoris would be concentrated in Western Siberia because it had extremely high reserves.

YOU DRIVE

ME CRAZY

51R!

WEIRD.

MARCIE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1983

### YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a great day right from the very start. You will find it easy to express hidden talents and get elong with ell those who surround you. Explore any original outlets in mind.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Develop e good system todey to help you ettain personel desires. Spend time on emusements you enjoy this evening.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to Mey 20) Concentrete on your material slatus to see whet can be done to improve it.

GEMINI (Mey 21 to June 21) A lot of ideas ere wnirling around in your head, but Iry to decipher the good Irom the bad for lurther benefits.

MOON CHILDREN (dune 22 to July 21) Consult finencial experts who can help you add to present ebundence.

Relax quietly this evening. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Your energies need to be channeled into constructive areas or you could get into trou-

ble with loved ones and Irlends. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Someone close to you will get you out of your financial bind. Plan how to repey this

efficiently and expediently. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You need to heve friends eround you for support at this lime. Use the evening plan-

ning your ectivities for the week ahead. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Listen to suggestions of those in euthority so you can implement improvements on

your property end home. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Use thet inspirational idea right ewey or it will be wasted. Friends can help

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan 20) Business matters need to be concentrated on for more efficient means of action. This will aid in future success.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Someone will present e new project that may be just whet you need at this time. However, study its aspects. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Everyone around you is

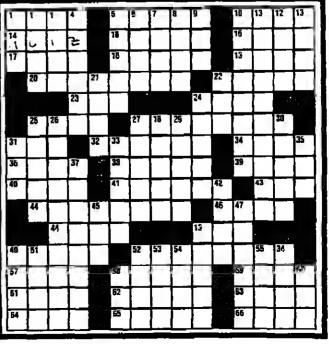
being extremely helpful end supportive to you in helping you gain all your goals. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will be

one of those charming young persons who easily understands the intricacies of modern machines end methods. It is importent to stant the education along innovetive lines for future success.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

#### THE Daily Crossword By Marjorie Pedersen





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## WORLD

## Philippines bans demonstrations Several U.S., Soviet ships leave after widespread Manila riots

MANILA (R) — Military chiefs in the Philippines, facing more anti-government unrest, have banned all demonstrations held without official permission.

"We shall always be a triend to all. We will be fair but firm. But we will not in any instance tolerate anarchy, intimidation, violence or energion." armed torces Chief of Staff Gen. Fabian Ver said. After meeting President Ferdinand Marcos at his home, 1.5 kil-

ometres from the scene three days ago of the worst violence since marrial law was imposed 11 years ago. Gen. Ver also announced a review of the security forces' anti-riot factics and equipment. Security forces Friday forcibly dispersed four crowds of demonstrators who had gathered in Manila to express opposition to Mr.

viarcos, who has rejected demands for his resignation. But a senior police officer in charge of an anti-riot unit said he expected further trouble, while stanila's police chief, slaj.-Gen. Prospero Olivas, told Reuters that the security forces had held back ion much already and this has been interpreted as a sign of wea-

Police used reargas and truncheons to break up about 2,000 students who converged on the U.S. embassy, carrying an effigy of U.S. ambassador dichael Armacost and claiming dr. darcos was Washingion's "pupper."

### Japanese disputes official version of Aquino killing

words must have been spoken by

one of the armed uniformed gua-

rds who accompanied Mr. Aquino

Three seconds after Mr. Aquino

was shot, more shots could be

heard on the tape - the shots that

killed his alleged assassin Rolando

The Philippines government

has claimed that Galman, a gun-

man for hire, was the lone killer of

But vlr. Wakamiya said, il thai

were the case, why was the phase

"shoot him, shoot him" uttered

just two seconds before vir. Aqu-

the vital keys to the truth of the

assassination, because it combines

what it captures with my own eye-

witness account and each lives

with the other," he said through a

frequently misquoted as to what

he saw, including the assertion

that he said he actually saw (wo

**♦6 ♥5 ♦ KQ1087 ♠ AJ7652** 

The bidding has proceeded:

West North East South

What action do you take?

A. - The opponents are bead-

ed at least for game, and

nothing in your hand sug-

gests that they won't make

it. However, your distribu-

tion suggests that you might

have a cheap sacrifice,

especially since the vulnerability is favorable.

Bid three no trump. That

can't be natural-it must be

the Unusual No Trump, ask-

ing partner to choose be-

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as

♦8 ♥87642 ♦K754 ♣A106

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

A. - Don't worry about the

fact that partner might bave

to play one apade doubled.

The odds are that the on-

ponents will remove to

another contract. But should

they leave the double in. you

bave some useful cards for

partner. A pass is clearly in-

dicated. For those of you who

felt compelled to "rescue"

partner by running to one no

trump, your most likely ac-

complishment was to bail

your opponents out of a hole.

Q.6-As South, vulnerable,

**♦875** ♥AJ ♦K10954 **♦**KJ8

The bidding has proceeded:

Wbat action do you take?

A.—It is quite possible that

you can make three no trump

or four bearts, but it is also

possible that you have no

game. In a situation like this

be an arcb conservative—

double and take any penalty

you can get. After all, bridge

is not an exact science. You

will still be a 3-1 favorite to

North East South

1 ♥ 3 ♠ ?

win the rubber.

you hold:

tween the unbid suits.

North East South

South you hold:

1 + Dble ?

1 + Pasa 3 +

vir. Wakamiya said he has been

The television film contains

down the plane's steps.

Galman.

Ir. Aquino.

ino was killed.

translator.

vir. Aquino.

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

**ANSWERS TO BRIDGE QUIZ** 

NEW TORK (R) - A Japanese writer at the scene of the Benigno Aquino killing has claimed that television tapes showed the Philippines opposition leader was not

shot by a lone assassin, Freelance Kiyoshi Wakamiya. who flew with Ar. Aquino to the Philippines on Aug. 21, told reporiers the key to the killing lay in two words picked up on TV tapes two seconds before str. Aquino was shot as he walked down an airliner's steps at Alanila Airport.

The tapes were made by ABC and Tokyo broadcasting system crews who were also on the China Airways Hight with Ar. Aquino.

Mr. Waka:niya played the tapes and stopped them at the words "pusila pusila". I'wo seennds later he stopped the tape again for reporters to hear the shot which he

said killed sir. Aquino, The words were identified by Filipino opposition members, including vir. Aquino's voungest sister. I'cresa, at the press conlerence as meaning "shoot him. shoot him" in the Visayan dialect

spoken in the Central Philippines. vir. Wakamiya, whose own evewitness account of the vir. Aquino killing has provoked controversy, said he believed the

BY CHARLES GOREN

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Q.1-Botb vulnerable, as

**4Q1073** ♥ Q65 ♦ K92 **4863** 

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 ♦ Pasa 1 ♠ Pasa

What action do you take?

A.-This is not the time to

do anything unusual. Partner

has sbown a strong hand with

his reverse bid but, since you

have a minimum, you can do

no more than take a simple

preference to three dia-

monda. By the way, don't

rate your band as a dead

minimum, even though you

bave a flat distribution. Your

honors in partner's auits

Q.2-As South, vulnerable,

◆K1087 ♥K62 ♦K95 ◆643

The bidding bas proceeded:

North East South West

1 4 2 4 2 4 Pass

What action do you take?

A. - Even though you raised

freely, you bave nothing to

be ashamed of. You have ex-

cellent trump support and

your kings are undervalued

in the point count. We would

raise to four apades unhesi-

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as

**♦AJ63** ♥KQ85 ♦95 **♣AJ7** 

The bidding bas proceeded:

East South West North

What action do you take?

A.-You have a fine band.

but it is not quite good

enough to merit another bid.

particularly at this level. Bear in mind that you have

forced partner to bid and

that be might bold little or

nothing. If he does bave

useful values, be is not bar-

red from taking further ac-

Q.4—East-West vulnerable,

as South you bold:

Dble Pass' 1 💠

should be upgraded.

you hold:

tatingly.

10

3 0

South you hold:

3 + Pasa ?

South you hold:

2 ♥ Pasa ?

of the security forces, threw four teargas grenades into the main street of Manila's financial district of Makati to disperse an estimated 3.000 people who gathered, apparently spontaneously, to chant their opposition to Vr. Marcos. Two groups of youths and students later headed towards the

Eight men armed with automatic rifles. later identified as members

presidential palace, cordoned off by police and military units with firearms and anti-riot equipment.

They were urged by loudhailers to go home. but a taxi carrying two men tried to rush the police cordon. Witnesses said it was fired on after being stopped. Police said the two men were under the influence

The demonstrations followed peaceful, mass rallies on Wednesday calling for the resignation of Mr. Marcos and an end to U.S. influence in the Philippines. Police said 10 people were killed and 143 injured in subsequent street battles with the security forces when demonstrators tried to force their way to the palace.

Police said 51 people had been arrested so far in connection with Friday's demonstrations. Mr. Marcos has blamed the violence on his political opponents and

hinted strongly that he would reimpose martial law. lifted three years ago, if the unrest continued. Cardinal Jaime Sin, Roman Catholic archbishop of Anila, visited

vir. viarcos Thursday night at the palace in what churchmen said was an attempt to aven further bloodshed and reduce tension. A church spokesman said the cardinal, who was telephoned by Mr.

Marcos to arrange a meeting, proposed setting up an official, national council of reconciliation. Church sources said the meeting lasting 30 minutes and took place

in a friendly atmosphere. Mr. Marcos was quoted as saving he would consider the cardinal's proposals very seriously. VIr. Viarcos was quoted by U.S. CBS TV network Friday as saying

support for the U.S. military bases in the Philippines would be undermined if President Reagan postponed his planned visit to Man-

Filipino government officials quoted him as telling the U.S. CBS television network that it would be a blow if Mr. Reagan delayed the

But he added that it was up to the U.S. government and Ar. Reagan himself to decide whether to proceed with the visit.

This is a matter which is personal to the president." Mr. Marcos said. " This is security and I personally belive matters of security and safety of a public official should be left to his own discretion and judgement.

In an interview with the American Broadcasting Corporation ABC, on Thursday. Mr. Marcos dismissed suggestions that he was using the U.S. bases to blackmail Mr. Reagan into going ahead with

Opposition leaders, urging vr. Reagan to cancel the visit, have said they will greet him with big anti-American demonstrations. vir. viarcos told CBS: "We do not intend to attempt to hold him to his itinerary. On the contrary, what is safe for President Reagan is what we want. If in the ultimate analysis it is safer for him to come, we

will attend to our problems alone." Opposition leader Salvador Laurel, citing the murder of opposition leader Benigno Aquino at Aanila Airport a month ago, has said the Philippine government has shown it is not capable of pro-

#### Arms, Asian security on nilitiamen draw guns and shoot He said that what he saw was Weinberger's China list two unilormed guards .nake gestures as il 10 draw guns Iro n their

PEKING IRt - U.S. Defence the advice of Mr. Weinberger and Secretary Caspar Weinberger arrives Sunday for talks with Peking trictions on sales to China of civleaders expected to centre on Asian security issues and newlyproved prospects for sales of U.S. high technology to China.

viding adequate security.

Mr. Weinberger, who flies to Peking from Tokyo, is due to hold long talks with his Chinese opposite number, technocrat Zhang Aiping.
He is also expected to meet a

so-far unidentified "Chinese leader' a formula usually denoting one of the ruling triumvirate -Prime Minister Zhao Ziyang. Communist Party chief Hu Yanbang or influential elder sta-

tesman Deng Xiaoping.

It will be the first visit of a U.S. defence secretary to China since Harold Brown, President Carter's Pentagon chief, flew to Peking in January 1980 just weeks after the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan which both countries fiercely opposed.

Western diplomats in Peking said there was unlikely to be any repeat discussion of what Mr. Brown openly called the Sino-American "global strategic relationship."

But they said that, despite China's recent attempts to steer a middle path between the two superpowers, Peking and Washington still had shared strategic views on a number of Asian security issues.

The diplomats listed Afghanistan. Indochina. Soviet troop concentrations along China's border and the stationing of \$\$-20 missiles in Soviet East Asia as areas where the two government's positions converged. The vexed question of con-

tinuing U.S. arms sales to the Chinese Nationalists on Taiwan. which Peking maintains is a flagrant breach of its sovereignty over the island province, was bound to be raised, the diplomats But they said that the two sides'

positions had been well rehearsed at a series of high-level contacts. and that having forcefully made their point the Chinese leaders were not expected to allow the dispute to sour the atmosphere of the visit

Mr. Weinberger comes to China at a time when Peking-Washington relations, after a perind of intense strain over Taiwan and a U.S. ban on the transfer of dual-use advanced technology. have recently shown a marked improvement.

Conciliatory gesture In a conciliatory gesture in June. President Reagan - against

his l'emagon aides lifted resilian technology which could be adapted for nilitary use.

ip.nent categories to be made availahle 10 C'hina have not yet been nade public, diplomatic sources said they obviously included computers and precision instruments vital for China's industrial modemisation drive.

The defence secretary was expected to convey this information confidentially to the Chinese leadership, the sources said.

But they added that no firm agreements were expected to be concluded by Mr. Weinberger on sales of high technology or defensive arms, another possible topic for discussion.

Mr. Weinberger himsell made it clear last week that the administration stood by the commitment made by then Secretary of State Alexander Haig in June 1981 that the U.S. would give positive consideration to any Chinese request to supply defensive weaponry or systems.

vir. Weinberger told reponers during his flight to Asia that he would listen to all Peking requests for U.S. arms, adding that a strong China would help deter Soviet aggression and keep world peace. We think that a strengthened Chinese economy and a mod-

emised. strong military is an important part of world stability and of maintaining world peace." the defence secretary said. But he added that, though he

was willing to talk about any weapons system the Chinese might want. he did not think any sales were imminent and declared: "I don't have any order books with me."

He said the items the Chinese might want included air defence and early warning radar systems. and lorries and troop-carrying helicopters to give mobility to the 4.2-million strong People's Liberation Army (PLA), the world's

Since Mr. Reagan relaxed regulations on technology transfers. Mr. Weinberger said, the way was open for China either to buy U.S. weapons or manufacture U.S.designed weapons for themselves.

According to Western diplomats, another major topic at the Peking talks was expected to be Mr. Weinberger's desire to continuc and expand the programme of military exchanges at lower levels which began after the 1980 talks between Secretary Brown and the then defence minister, Geng Biao.

# search area; hunt not abandoned

FOKYO (R) - Several of the U.S. and Soviet ships searching for wreckage of the South Korean airliner shot down by a Soviet fighter on Sept. I have left the area. coastguards on the northern Japanese island of Hokkaido said Saturday.

They had no explanation for the departure of the vessels, although they noted that the seas were

The United States has been particularly keen to recover the airliner's flight recorder in the hope that it would provide evidence why the aircraft strayed over Soviet air space.

A Japanese foreign ministry official said U.S. and Japanese officials would go to a Soviet port on Sakhalin Island Sunday to receive wreckage and other objects from the airliner found by Soviet sea-

In Seoul, the South Korean foreign ministry issued a statement denouncing North Korea for supporting the Soviet claim that the airliner was spying for the United

In New York the Soviet Union was charged with negligence Friday in a \$2 billion suit arising from the downing of the airliner.

The suit was brought in Manhattan Federal Coun by Betty Lim, widow of Dr. Jong Jin Lim, a physicist at Columbia University who was a passenger on the illfated plane, which was shot down on Sept. 1.

Also named as defendants in the suit were Korean Air Lines. owner of the plane, the Boeing company, and Litton Industries. which manufactured the navigational system. The suit charged that a Soviet

jet fighter either "willfully and deliberately' failed to warn of the attack or that the pilot of the Boeing 747 "willfully and deliberately" failed to respond by flashing its navigational and landing

The suit charged the Soviet Union's action under the circumstances amounted to a "wan-

ton, willful, deliberate, coldblooded barbaric, inhuman and horrifying act of murder."

The suit also charged the Korean Air Lines pilot deliberately deviated from his route in order to save time and fuel. There have been several lawsuits filed by families of the victims.

#### Pravda sums up

vIOSCOW (R) - The Communist Party newspaper Pravda Saturday summed up vloscow's view of the South Korean airliner incident, saving Washington was evading eight questions which showed the plane was on an espionage mission.

Pravda said in a front page editorial that President Reagan and the U.S. administration were whipping up anti-Soviet hysteria mund the crude provocation connected with the dispatch of a South Korean plane with special intelligence assignments into Sovnet airspace in the Far East."

### communist leaders

COLO (IBO | R) - Sri Lanka government has treed four leader of the outlawed pro-vioscov Communist Party who were arrested during recent ethnic violence. party sources said. Party general secretary K.P. Silva. the H.G.S. Rainaweera, and two other members of the party politburo, were freed Friday, they

#### Chile's opposition tones down attack

SANTIAGO (Ri — Chile's opposition has toned down its attack alter charges were dropped against a prominent trade union leaviolence. The democratic alliance. the government made in a manfor a quick return to democracy.

- France has unveiled a new unit of anti-tank helicopters destined to become the spearhead of a 47.11(11)-man mobile rapid deployment force. The experimental "lightning force" of over 80 Puma. Alouette and Gazelle helicopters was the star of autumn manocuvres involving 22.000 men of France's First Army Corps, based here near the Belgian and West German borders. Defence Minister Charles Hernu. followed the "Vioselle-83" war games from a hedge-hopping Gazelle helicopter. He hailed the exercise as a lirst step in the creation of the "force d'action rap-ide" (rapid deployment force) which he announced last Junc.

### restaurant fined

LONDON (R) · · One of Lonfor the restaurant.

### rubik cube

MO\$COW (R) - The Soviet Union has unveiled a rival to the

#### Guerrillas storm Sri Lankan jail abandoned near the beach and

COLO MBO (R) - Separatist guerrillas stormed a maximum security jail in eastern Sri Lanka Friday night and freed more than 200 prisoners, police said Sat-

Among those released were 44 guerrillas awaiting trial on charges including attacks on security forces and bank robberies, they said.

The outlawed guerrilla movement, known as Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam, is fighting for a separate state for minority Tamils in Sri Lanka's northern and eastern provinces.

The killing of 13 Sinhalese sol-

diers by the guerrillas on July 23 in the northern district of Jaffna triggered bloody violence in which nearly 4(3) people died and hundreds of houses, shops and factories were damaged. Police said the well-planned

raid on the jail in the eastern coast city of Batticaloa was mainly to free the guerrillas but other prisoners also seized the chance to

Newspaper accounts of the raid said the attackers who arrived in two lorries, were heavily-armed and disguised in military unforms. One of the lorries was found

police said the guerrillas might be fleeing by boat 10 southern India. a route taken by fugitives in the Security forces launched a massive hunt for the escaped prisoners

and recaptured about 111. But police said there was no sign of the runaway guerrillas or the gang that sprung them. The guerrillas were transferred

to Batticaloa jail from Colombo in July after 52 of their companions were massacred in two prison riots at the height of the ethnic vio-

#### China rejects British clai ns on Hong Kong "Another very important factor in the colony's financial markets.

PEKING (R) - China Saturday rejected claims that Hong Kong's prosperity could not be maintained without British administration, saying that Peking played an essential role in shielding the colony from the worst effects of the world recession.

The New China News Agency (NCNA) said the territory's prosperity was "mainly the result of the diligence, wisdom and meticulous management of the over five million Hong Kong residents of whom over 98 per cent are Chinese compatriots.

for Hong Kong's prosperity has been the vigorous support given by the Chinese mainland in various fields during a long period in the past.

China's defence of its economic role in Hong Kong was published a day after a further session of ialks between British and Chinese officials on the future of the territory, which Peking intends to claim back by 1997.

Neither side gave details of any progress in the talks. held against a

The agency said in Saturday's commentary that Peking came to Hong Kong's aid in 1973-74 when

its oil supplies fell by 111 per cent because of the worldwide energy crisis. It said China sent special shipment and quoted a senior British official as saying this was most

"It should be noted that at that time oil was also in urgent need on the Chinese mainland and that i was a vital commodity on the intackground of increased anxiety emational market," it said.

#### START accord improbable in '83' With Americans more dis-

WASHINGTON (R) - A U.S.-Soviet strategic arms accord is all but inconceivable this year, a senior administration arms control official said Friday.

The official said that Edward Rowny, chief U.S. negotiator in the Strategic Arms Reduction Talks (START), believes an accord on general guidelines in remotely possible this year but only if several very difficult conditions are satisfied first.

"In my wildest imagination I can't see all of this being true." added the official, who briefed a small group of reporters on condition that he not be identified by

The Washington Post this week quoted Mr. Rowny as saying he

believed that an accord was possible this year.

Among the preconditions the official listed Friday were an agr-

eement in separate U.S.-Soviet talks on Intermediate-range Nuclear Forces (INF) and resolving two key issues in START. He said these differences were

over Moscow's demand to lump all nuclear weapons together in counting them - known as "aggregation" - and U.S. insistence on limiting Soviet missile lifting power. or "throw-weight". which would require reducing the number of huge Soviet SS-17, 18 and 19 missiles.

The round of START talks that begins on Oct. 6 may clear away remnining underbrush on these points, the official said, but "between now and December, there is

no way we can get an agreement." He also said the Soviet downing of a South Korean airliner on Sept. I would make a nuclear arms agreement even more difficult to

trustful of vioscow than before the airliner incident, he said. Mr. Rowny would have to insist on "superiough verification" provisions in any accord. Chances of agreement are fur-

ther reduced by the fact that after the incident, three meetings planned between Secretary of State George Shultz and Foreign Vlinister Andrei Gromvko were either called off or limited to discussing the downing of the plane, he said. The official said he did not

know whether President Reagan would further modify the U.S. START proposal or give Mr. Rowny more felxibility for the coming round of talks.

But he said Mr. Rowny still have plenty of flexibility that he had not used yet and felt no need for a new bargaining stand.

### Andropov reportedly doing 'everything possible' to end missile deadlock

GENEVA (R) - Soviet President Yuri Andropov has said Moscow "has been doing everything in its power to break the deadlock" at the U.S.-Soviet missile talks, a church body said Fri-

The Soviet leader's comment. included in a letter to the Lutheran World Federation, said the Soviet Union is taking a constructive and flexible approach at the Geneva negotiations on limiting nuclear medium-range mis-

The letter, signed by Soviet ambassador Mikhail Sytenko, replied to an appeal which the Lutherans delivered last July to the Soviet and U.S. missions here. urging mutual concessions in the

Mr. Sytenko said that President Andropov, after hearing the churchmen's message, wished to stress that the Soviet Union had still time for the United States and tried to attain progress by meeting the Soviet Union to reach agr-"its partner halfway, while the USA is persisting in its stiff and missiles in Europe. obviously unrealistic demands for unilateral USSR disarmament."

triple-warhead SS-20 missiles. Mr. Andropov added. according to Mr. Sytenko:

"The recent initiatives put forward by the Soviet Union on August 27. 1983, once more convincingly testify to the fact that the USSR has been doing everything in its power to break the deadlock in the negotiations and reach a mutually acceptable agreement." Mr. Sytenko said the Soviet pre-

that "the USSR favours a constructive and flexible approach, but any flexibility has its limits." The letter, released by the Lutheran federation Friday, was dated Sept. 19. The federation

said the U.S. mission had not res-

sident also wished to emphasise

ponded to its appeal. 'There is time' MOSCOW (R) - Soviet Prime Minister Nikolai Tikhonov said in an interview published there was ecment on limiting medium range

Mr. Tikhonov's interview, given to the Austrian newspaper Arb-Referring to his offer to scrap a 'eiter Zeitung and also published "considerable number" of Soviet by Pravada, was the latest in a stream of statements by Soviet leaders on the missile issue directed at West European public opinion. The prime minister repeated

the Soviet position that any deployment of U.S. missiles would disrupt an existing balance and "There is still time for achieving

in Geneva a truly honest agr-

eement that would take into account the interests of security of all "If this favourable opportunity is missed... the Soviet Union will be faced with the need to take wit-

hout delay counter-measures in order to preserve the balance of forces on a regional. European as well as global scale." Moscow has so far avoided defining the nature of the countermeasures it is threatening to take. Chief of staff Nikolai Ogarkov

the Soviet Union would blindly copy U.S. moves\_ Diplomats said Marshal Ogarkov's remark could be a hint that Moscow planned to deploy submarine-launched missiles closer to the U.S. coastline.

said Thursday American str-

ategists should avoid imagining

## **NEWS** BRIEF

## Spanish government faces church trouble

vIADRID | Rr - Spain's Roman Catholic bishops have reacted angrily to the socialist government's decision to ban two religious text books which condemiabortion. The ban, announced by the education ministry Friday seems likely to increase tension between the church and the soc ialists, who have drafted laws to allow abortion in certain cases an to tighten state control of privatchurch-owned schools. Arc hbishop Elias Yanes, president c. the episcopal education com mission, said the prohibition of texts edited by the church would be" an especially ominous move"

### Sri Lanka frees

editor of its daily newspaper.

on the country's military rulers Jer. but said only hig changes could stop fresh anti-government which groups political parties opposed to Gen. Augusto Pinochet's rule, reiterated criticism of ilesto last month. But it failed in a policy statement to renew demands for Gen. Pinochet's resignation, merely voicing the need

#### France unveils 'lightning force'

ETAIN AIR BASE, France (R)

## Famous London

don's most famous restaurants. the Cafe Royal, was fined £675 (\$1,000) for breaches of food and hygiene regulations. During a four-day court hearing, the prosecution alleged that cockroaches had been seen on the premises. The court dismissed this allegation and 35 others, but found the restauram guilty of eight minor brcaches, such as having flaking paint in the pastry room. The owners. the Trust Houses Forte Group. said the publicity surrounding the case might prove very damaging

### Soviets challenge

rubik cube, the multi-coloured wrist-twist puzzle born in Hungary, that maddened millions in a craze which swept the world four vears ago. TASS news agency announced its appearance Saturday. The Moldavian pyramid, it said, is the brainchild of an engineer called Alexander Ordynets whn earns his living in a tractor works. The thing is now in production at a factory in the Moscow area. And what does it have over rubik's cube? Well\_ on the one hand, said TASS, it's simpler, It has fewer combinations to tease the brain. But on the other, it's more complicated, as its 14 elements all turn on inclined planes while the cube rotates at right ang-

# لمِلَنَا مِنْ الْمُولِ